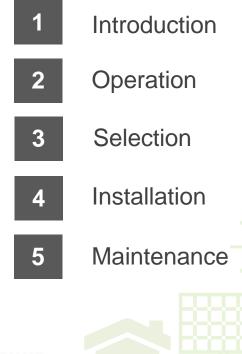


Off-Gird Inverters



Contents







Introduction

Need of Off-Grid Solution



Complete self-governing without main grid support

Combine different energy resources like PV etc.

Support issues including, household, school, small factories, area suffer from power instability, replace the generation of diesel generators Extend or change your system on a segmental basis

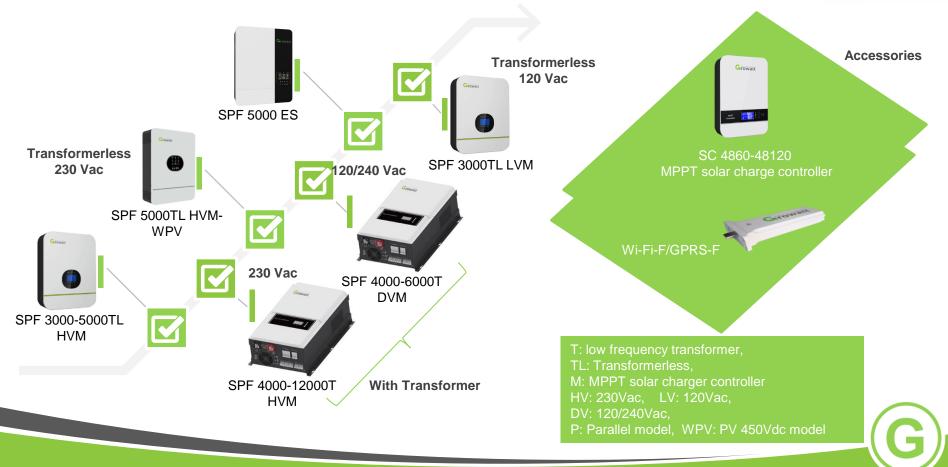
Growatt provides services including inverter, MPPT control, Solar pump inverter and storage with 3-30 kW range





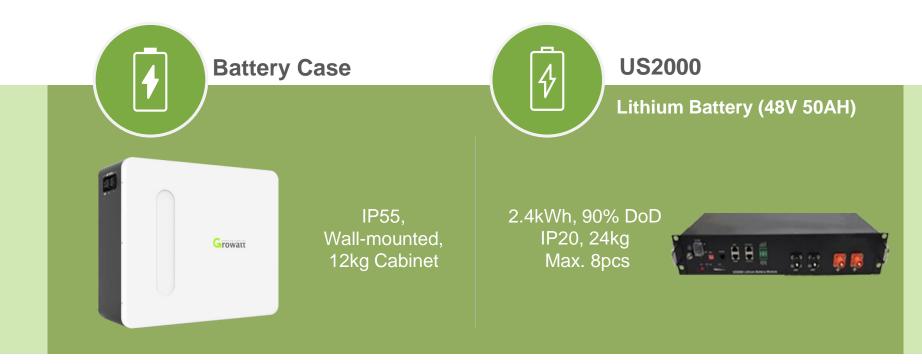
Off-Grid Inverters





Off-Grid Inverter Battery



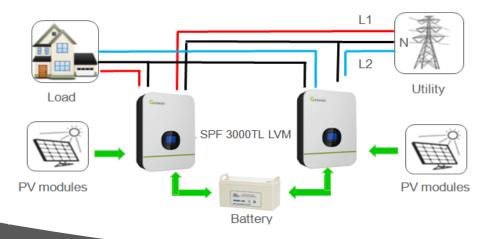


Note: Each Battery Case can install 2pcs US 2000 Lithium Battery





SPF 3000TL LVM (Offered Split-phase)



Support

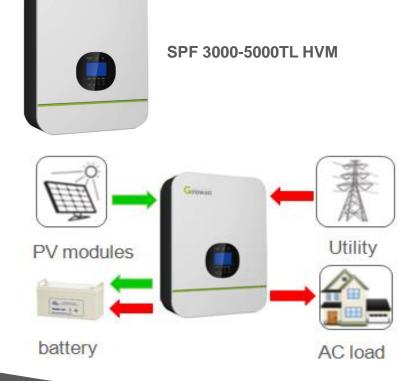
- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller
- 3. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 4. Compatible with generator power
- 5. Configurable AC/solar input and charging priority
- 6. Parallel operation available
- 7. Compatible with lithium battery
- 8. Low voltage 120Vac output

Growatt



Support

- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller
- 3. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 4. Compatible with generator power
- 5. Configurable AC/solar input and charging priority
- 6. Parallel operation available for 4kw/5kw
- 7. Compatible with lithium battery
- 8. High voltage 230Vac output

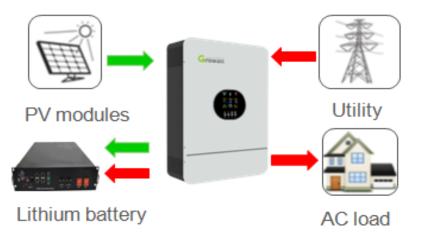








SPF 5000TL HVM-WPV (Wide PV Range)



Support

- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller

3. PV input voltage up to 430VDC

- 4. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 5. Compatible with generator power
- 6. Configurable output and charging priority
- 7. Parallel operation available
- 8. Compatible with lithium battery

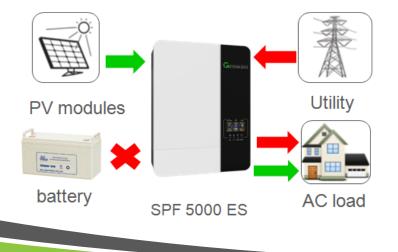


Support

- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller
- 3. PV input voltage up to 430VDC
- 4. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 5. Compatible with generator power
- 6. Configurable output and charging priority
- 7. Parallel operation available
- 8. Compatible with lithium battery
- 9. Work with battery or without battery
- 10. Adjustable inverter charging and output time
- 11. Equalization charging function









Support

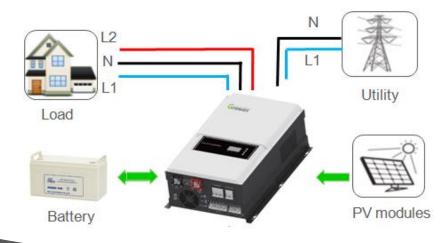
- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller
- 3. Built-in low frequency transformer
- 4. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 5. BTS terminal for lead-acid battery
- 6. Support (120/240Vac) both of them
- 7. Compatible with generator power
- 8. Configurable AC/solar input and charging

priority

9. Compatible with lithium battery



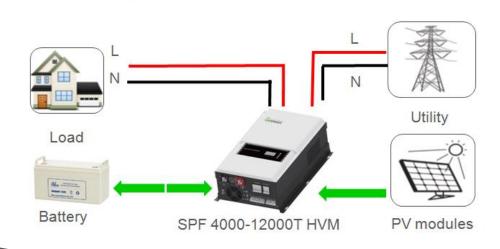
SPF 4000-6000T DVM (Transformer 120/240Vac output)





Support

- 1. Power factor 1.0
- 2. MPPT solar charge controller
- 3. Built-in low frequency transformer
- 4. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 5. BTS terminal for lead-acid battery
- 6. Compatible with generator power
- 7. Configurable AC/solar input and charging priority
- 8. Compatible with lithium battery



SPF 4000-12000T HVM (Transformer 230Vac output)





Growatt SC4860-48120 (Solar charger) MPPT Controller Utility **PV** modules battery Off-grid inverter with AC load SC4860 MPPT charger controller

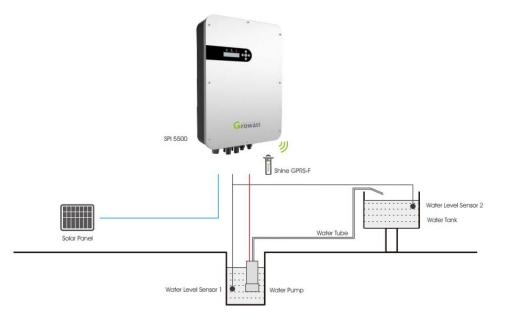
Support

- 1. MPPT solar charge controller
- 2. Compatible with12/24/48V battery voltage,
 - charging current from 60-120A
- 3. BTS for battery stability
- 4. WIFI/GPRS remote monitoring
- 5. Multifunction LCD display information
- 6. Three-stage charging for battery
- 7. Maximum efficiency up to 98%

Off-Grid (Solar Pumping System)



Growatt Solar Pumping Inverter can be used for irrigation systems, swimming pool pumps, municipal and agricultural water systems



Note: WiFi-F and GPRS-F just used for off-grid inverter.

Features

- 1. Integrated MPPT controller
- 2. Smart function and parameter setting via
- LCD button
- 3. Optional GPRS remote monitoring
- 4. Full protection function and self-

diagnosis.

5. High Efficiency. Use dynamic VI MPPT

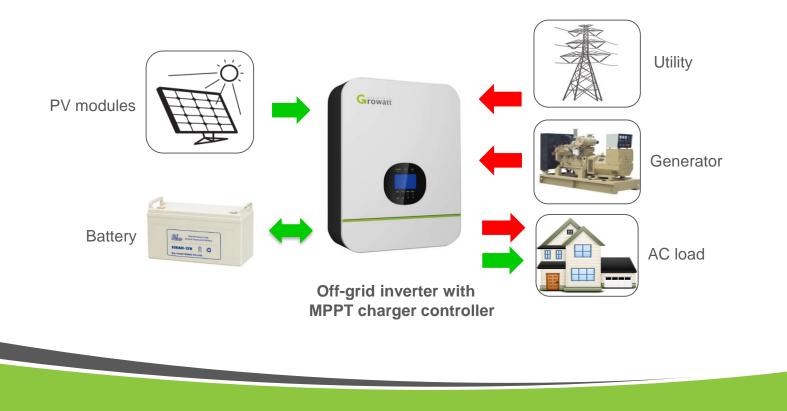
control method, MPPT efficiency 99%



Off-Grid System Overview



Off-grid energy storage system is generally consist of PV modules, off-grid inverter, MPPT charger controller (bidirectional DC/DC converter), battery, generator, monitoring devices and electrical appliances.



Monitoring Platform

rowatt

⊡ Energy Overview

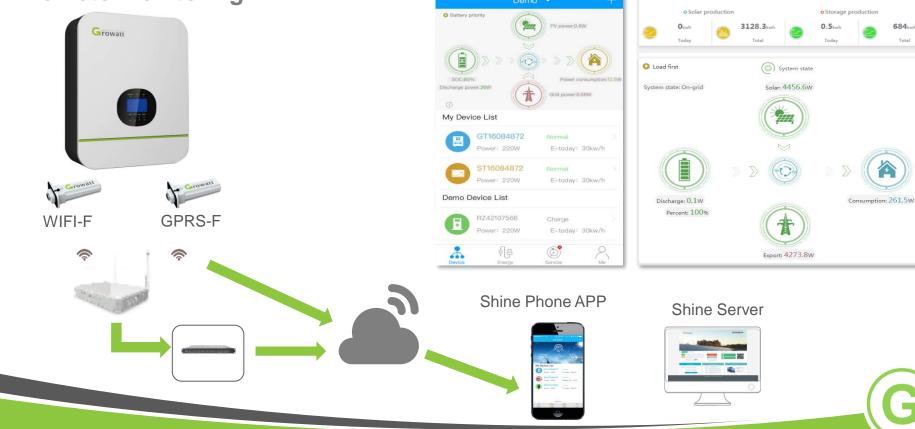
0TZ764205B

684kwh

Total

(1)

Remote monitoring



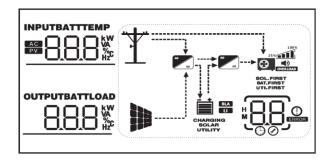
••••• AT&T 🗢

⊕ **1** ♥ 1005

Monitoring Platform



Local monitoring



1. Input information (PV voltage, AC voltage, frequency, PV generator, battery voltage, charging current)

2. Output information (Voltage, load percentage, frequency, load in VA, load in watt, discharging current)



PC install monitoring software



PVkeeper platform







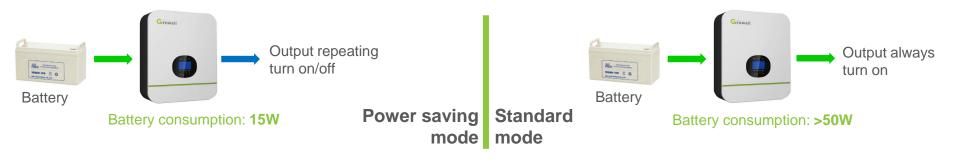






Power Saving Mode

When the load is pretty low or not, inverter will turn off the output (Low consumption from battery)





Output priority mode setting: 1. SOL first

- 2. UTI first
- 3. SBU first

Charging priority mode setting: 1. CSO first 4. OSO

- 2. CUT first
- 3. SNU first

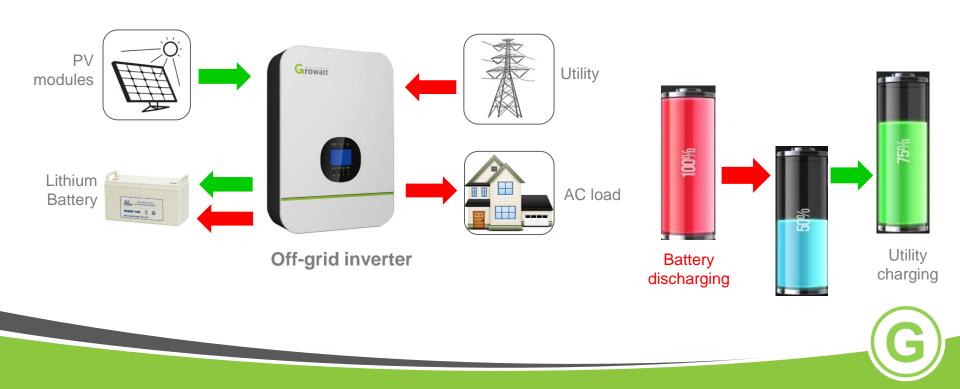
Off-Grid inverter with MPPT charge controller





Mode selection setting: Utility or Battery mode:







Mode selection setting: Utility or Battery mode:

2. Back to Battery Mode (Voltage Range: 48-58VDC)







Lithium battery :



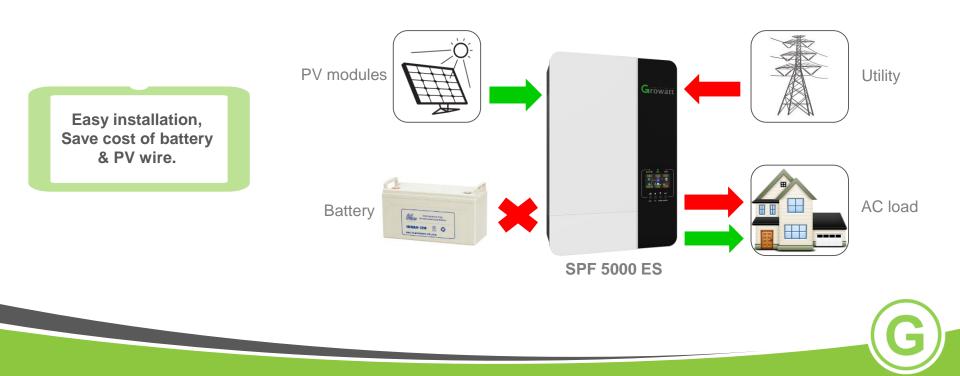
SPF 5000TL HVM-WPV series provides RS 485 & CAN ports for Li battery. US2000 Li battery can parallel max. 8 PCS and Battery case can integrate 2PCS US2000 batteries inside





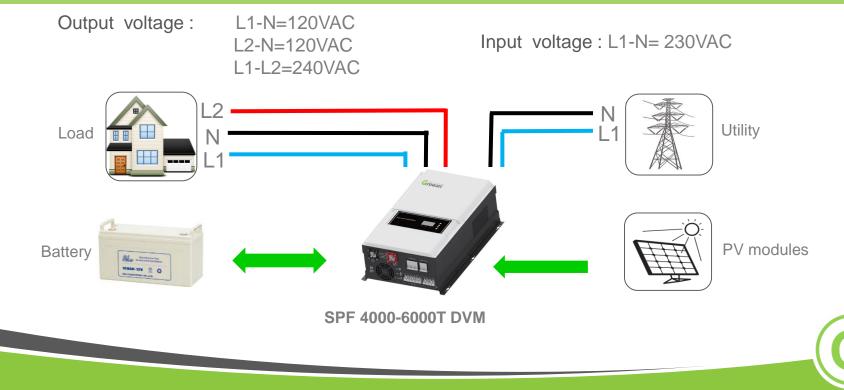
Without battery operating model:

SPF 5000 ES series inverters can work without battery and have wide PV input voltage range up to 430Vdc



Several voltage outputs:

SPF 4000-6000T DVM series inverters have different voltage output that can meet all kinds of single phase equipment require

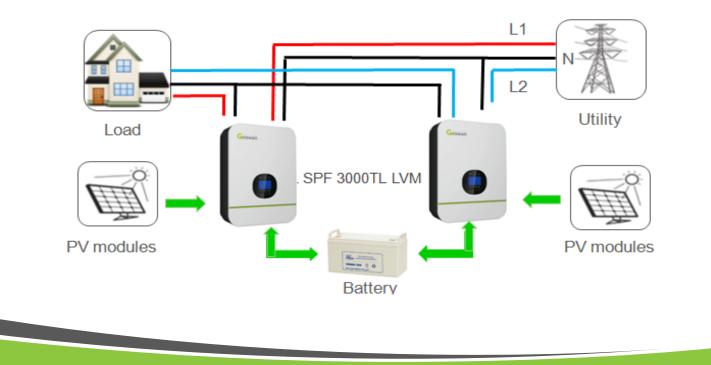






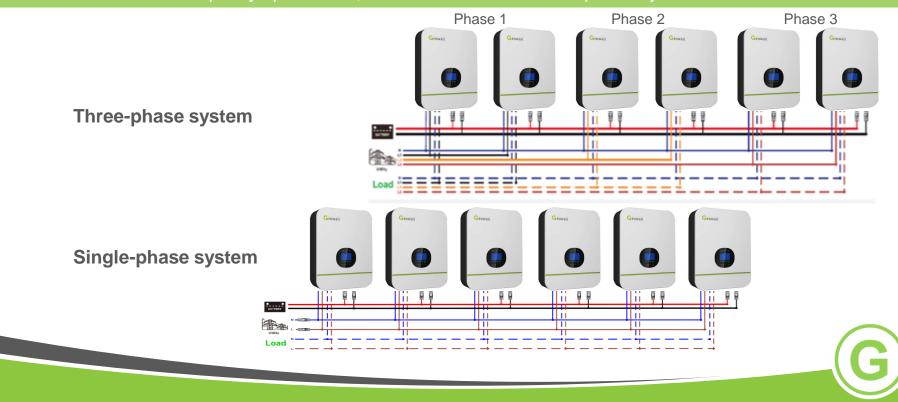
Split phase L1-N and L2-N:

For 120Vac system, SPF 3000TL LVM series inverter can configuration output L1-L2 of 240V system



Parallel mode:

Parallel operation with up to 6 units only for 4/5KVA and 3KVA LVM series transformerless inverter, maximum capacity up to 30kW, and it can also be set to 3-phase system

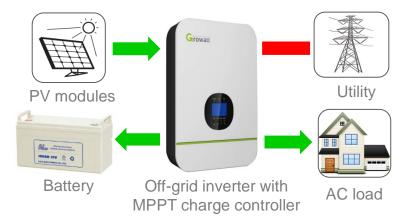






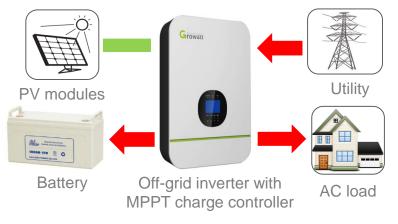
1. Enhance battery life (Output : SOL first) → 3K HVM (Default mode)

Solar power is sufficient (Feed to load and also charge the battery). When solar power is not available, Utility supply power to the load and charge the battery



Solar power is sufficient

Solar power is not sufficient

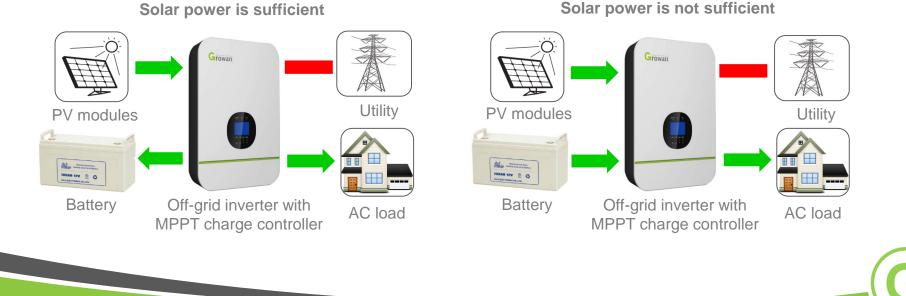






2. Support cost-effective (Output : SBU first)

When Solar power is sufficient (it feeds to load and charge the battery). For cost-effective support, Utility feeds power only if the battery feeding is under low-level warning





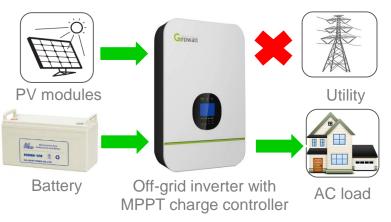
3. Unavailability of sunshine/Raining season (Output : UTI first) → 5K HVM,3K LVM (Default mode)

Utility supply power to load as a priority but solar and battery only provides power to load, if the utility power is not available



Utility power is sufficient

Utility power is not available

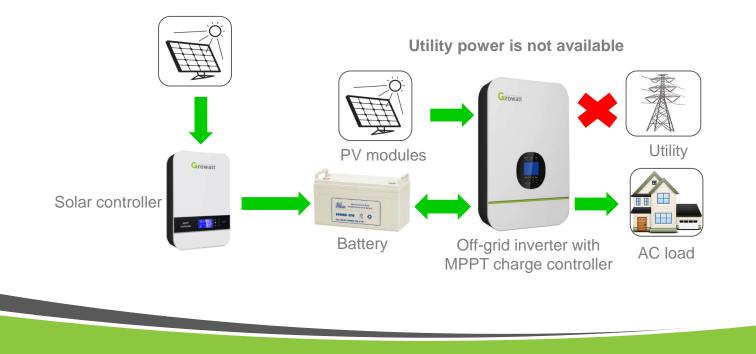






4. Utility is not available (Output: SOL first)

Solar supply power to load and also charge the battery. But when solar power is not sufficient than battery also feed power to the load. Backup support can be provided through solar controller charging for the battery







Nigeria 5kw single phase system



South Africa 30kw three phase system











Utility Power & Load Selection



Voltage	Transformer Type	Single Phase	Three Phase	Home appliance capacity < 5kw	Home appliance capacity > 5kw
Utility Voltage: 230 VAC	Transformerless	SPF 3000-5000TL HVM; SPF 5000TL HVM-WPV SPF 5000ES	SPF 5000TL HVM (3 PCS or more units for parallel)	SPF 3000-5000TL HVM; SPF 5000TL HVM-WPV	SPF 5000TL HVM-P SPF 5000TL HVM-WPV (2 PCS or more units for parallel)
	Transformer	SPF 4000-6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	NO	SPF 6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	SPF 6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);
	No. 23	SPF 4000-12000T HVM		SPF 6000-12000T HVM	SPF 6000-12000T HVM
Utility Voltage: 120VAC	Transformerless	SPF 3000TL LVM	SPF 3000TL LVM (3 PCS or more units for parallel)	SPF 3000TL LVM	SPF 3000TL LVM (2 PCS or more units for parallel)
	Transformer	SPF4000- 6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	NO	SPF 4000-6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	SPF 6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);



Battery Selection



Voltage	Transformer Type	Lithium Battery	BTS Sensor	Split Phase	Without battery operation
Utility Voltage: 230 VAC	Transformerless	SPF 3000-5000TL HVM; SPF 5000TL HVM- WPV SPF 5000 ES	NO	NO	SPF 5000 ES
	Transformer	SPF 6000-12000T HVM	SPF 4000-12000T HVM	NO	NO
Utility Voltage: 120VAC	Transformerless	SPF 3000TL LVM	NO	SPF 3000TL LVM	NO
	Transformer	SPF 6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	SPF 4000-6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	SPF 4000-6000T DVM (Input 230VAC, output 120/240VAC);	NO







Preparation



1. Tools

Multi-meter Screw-driver Ampere-meter Other installation tools



2. Calculate items (It will influence inverter's capacity)

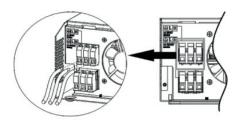
Load type: Home appliance, motor type load (3-6 times rate power).
Load working time: Peak power working time.
Back-up time: Battery discharge time.
Sunlight situation: Peak radiation time per day.
Utility power situation: Grid power is available or not?



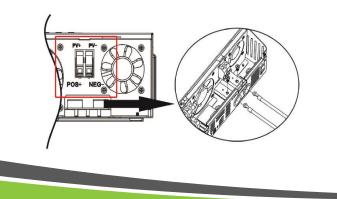
Preparation

Note:

1. All wiring must be well-fastened to avoid shedding.

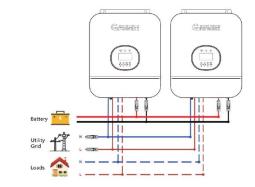


2. Make sure that the polarity of PV and batteries connected to the product is correct.





3. Should install utility, battery and PV input switch to ensure safety.



4. Battery and solar panel connections must be within the parameters of the product.



Preparation

Note:

5. During the operation of the system, do not disconnect the battery.



6. The number of parallel batteries should not be more than 3 groups.



7. Inverter protection degree is IP20



8. In areas with large dust, regular cleaning is required to avoid too much dust affecting heat dissipation.

Wire Selection



1. Battery Input:

Model	Max input current	Battery capacity	Wire size	Switch size	
2KVA (24V)	109A	100AH	1*4AWG	150A/32VDC	
			2*8AWG	1307/32 000	
3KVA (24V)	164A	100AH	1*2AWG		
		200AH	2*6AWG	200A/32VDC	
2KVA (48V)	55A	100AH	1*6AWG	80A/60VDC	
			2*10AWG		
3KVA (48V)	82A	100AH	1*4AWG		
		200AH	2*8AWG	100A/60VDC	
4KVA	110A	200AH	1*4AWG	150A/60VDC	
			2*8AWG		
5KVA	137A	200AH	1*2AWG	150A/60VDC	

2. PV Input:

Model	Max input current	Wire size	Switch size
2KVA/3KVA @24V model	50A	8AWG	50A/100VDC
2KVA/3KVA @48V model	30A	10AWG	32A/150VDC
4KVA	80A	6AWG	80A/150VDC
5KVA	80A	6AWG	80A/150VDC

Wire Selection



G

3. AC Input:

Model	Max input current	Wire size	Switch size
2KVA	12.6A	12AWG	16A/230VAC
3KVA	17A	10AWG	25A/230VAC
4KVA	30.5A	8AWG	40A/230VAC
5KVA	34.8A	8AWG	40AVZ3UVAC

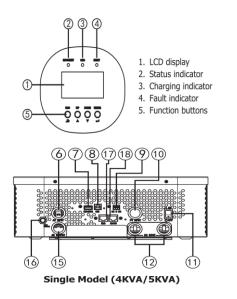
4. AC Output:

Model	Max input current	Wire size	Switch size
2KVA	8.7A	14AWG	16A/230VAC
3KVA	13A	12AWG	16A/230VAC
4KVA	17.4A	10AWG	25A/230VAC
5KVA	21.8A	10AWG	32A/230VAC

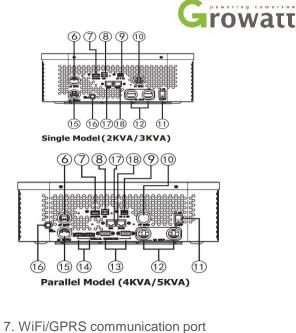
Installation Overview



SPF 3000TL LVM SPF 2000-5000TL HVM



6. AC Input
8. USB communication port
10. PV Input
12. Battery Input
14. Current sharing ports (only for parallel model)
16. Circuit Breaker
18. RS485 communication port (for expansion)



- 9. Dry Contact
- 11. Power on/off switch

13. Parallel communication ports (only for parallel model)

15. AC output

17. MBS Communication port (only supported the RS485 protocol)

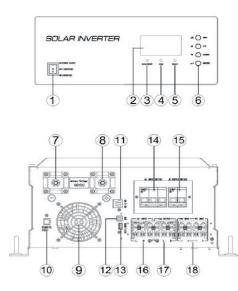


Installation Overview





SPF 4000-6000T DVM SPF 8000-12000T HVM



1. ON/OFF power
 switch
 3. Status indicator
 5. Fault indicator
 7. Battery "-"
 9. Fan
 11. Dry contact
 13. WiFi/GPRS
 device port
 15. AC output switch
 17. AC output

2. LCD display
 4. Charging
 indicator
 6. Function buttons
 8. Battery "+"
 10. Remote control
 port
 12. USB port
 14. AC input switch
 16. AC input
 18. PV input



Connection

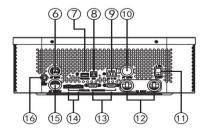




SPF 3000TL LVM SPF 2000-5000TL HVM

- 1. Remove bottom cover by screwdriver
- 2. Connect battery input
- 3. Turn on "Power on/off" switch (check inverter normal working or not?)
- 4. Connect PV input (when step 3 inverter can normal working)
- 5. Connect AC input and output wire







PV Connection

Solar panel specification:

Module Type	290	295	300	305	310
Max Power (Pmax/W)	290	295	300	305	310
OC Voltage (Voc/V)	39.2	39.4	39.6	39.8	40
SC Current (Isc/A)	9.36	9.47	9.58	9.69	9.80
Peak power voltage (Vmp/V)	32.6	32.7	32.9	33.1	33.2
Peak power current (Imp/A)	8.90	9.01	9.11	9.22	9.33
Module efficiency (%)	17.5	17.8	18.1	18.4	18.7



Calculation:

1. Number of panels:

Max PV Power/ solar panel power

2. Number of panels in one string:

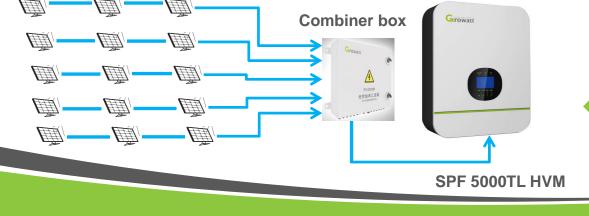
Max MPPT voltage / solar panel Vmp

3. Number of string:

Number of panels / Number of panels in one string



- 1. 4500W/300W=15PCS
- 2. 115V/32.9V=3.495 ≈ 3 PCS in string
- 3. 15/3 =5 Strings

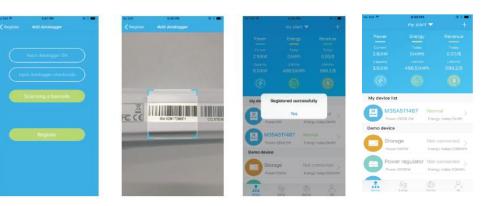


Monitoring

Shine Phone APP

- 1. Connect **"WIFI-F" device to inverter** "WIFI/GPRS" terminal.
- Registration and adding device
 Scan the QR code or search shine phone in IOS or Google play store.
- 3. Scan or input WIFI-F barcode and check code then click register button it will move to " my plant " page.

Note: For details, please refer to the user manual.



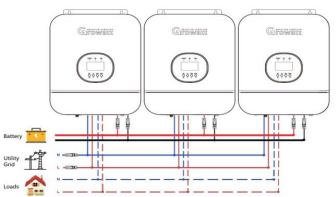




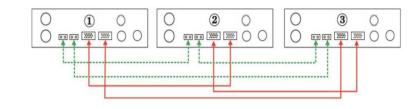


Parallel Connection

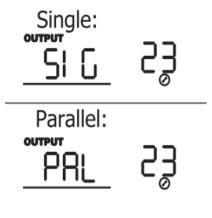
Single phase parallel:



Communication connection:



When the units are used in **parallel with single-phase**, please **select "PAL" in program 23.**

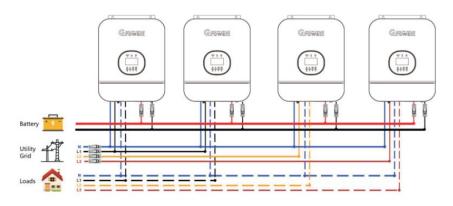




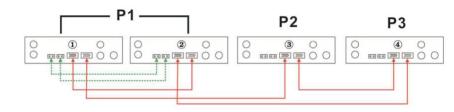


Parallel Connection

Three phase parallel:



Communication connection:



When units are used in **parallel with threephase**, **please select "3P1" for L1, "3P2" for L2, and "3P3" for L3 in program 23**. All neutral lines must be connected.

L1 phase: <u>P I</u> L2 phase: <u>P 2</u> 23 L3 phase: <u>P 3</u> 23

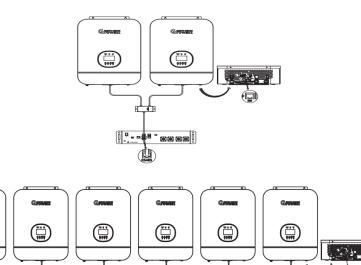




Lithium Battery Connection



Lithium battery connection and setting:



1. An external **RS485/CAN** is require between inverter and Li Battery, If it is necessary to use communication with **BMS in parallel**.

2. If you want to connect Lithium battery, must set the **Battery Type to "LI" in program 5**, also need **set SOC in program 12,13,21 and 36**, more information please check user manual Page 8.



Lithium (only suitable when communicated with BMS)

LI OŞ

User-Defined

USE





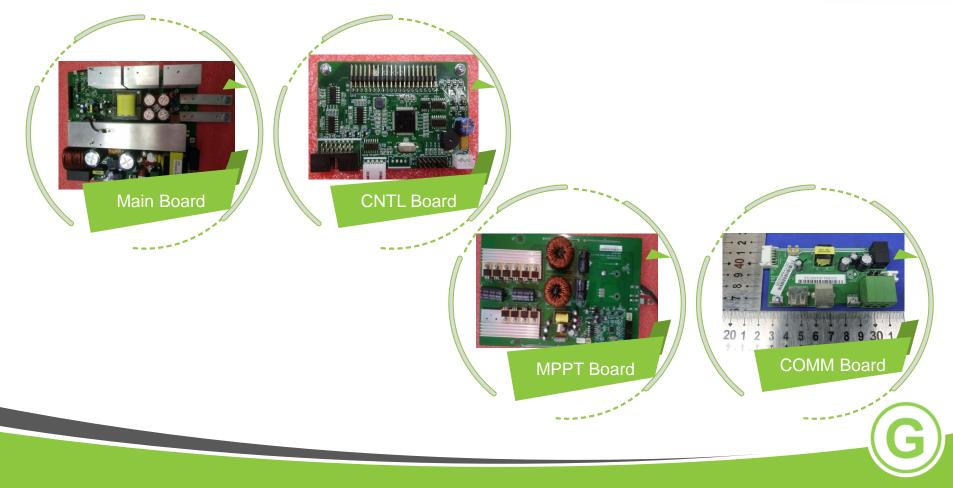
Spare Parts (5 kVA/3 kVA)





Spare Parts (3 kVA)







1. No response on the inverter (LCD does not light up and the fan does not running)

A) Check whether the **battery wiring** is in good contact;

- B) Check the polarity of a battery connected to the product is correct or not ;
- C) Check whether the **battery voltage** is within the specified range;
- D) Check whether the switch is damaged;

2. Inverter gives no output, and after a while shut down?

A) Confirm whether the battery voltage is more than 46V, less voltage will not support inverter to cold start;

3. Failure 01 code (Fan lock failure)

A) Check if the fan is stuck.

B) Whether the wiring from the fan to the main board is loose or connection is not good;

C) Fan damage.





4. Failure 02 code (Inverter over-temperature protection)

A) Confirm whether the high temperature of the surrounding;

B) Confirm whether the NTC on the mainboard and MPPT board is loose or falling off;

5. Failure 03 code (Battery voltage is too high)

A) Check whether the battery voltage is higher than 60V;

- B) Confirm whether the external controller is set properly;
- C) If a lithium battery is used, confirm whether the voltage set in items 19 & 20 is appropriate;
- D) Restart inverter, if it still display fault code, please contact the manufacturer.

6. Failure 04 code (Battery voltage is too low)

A) Check whether the battery voltage is lower than 44V;

7. Failure 05 code (Output short circuit fault)

A) Confirm whether the **output is short-circuited**;

- B) Confirm whether the output connection with high power inductive load is proper;
- C) Disconnect all load and restart inverter, If still the same problem, please contact the manufacturer.





8. Failure 06 code (Output voltage is too low)

A) Confirm whether connected with high power load;B) Disconnect all load and restart inverter.If still the same problem, please contact the manufacturer;

9. Failure 07 code (Output overload)

A) Confirm whether connected with high power load;

B) Disconnect all load and restart inverter. If still the same problem, please contact the manufacturer;

10. Failure 08 code (BUS capacitor voltage is too high)

A) Check whether the **battery voltage is too high**;

B) Confirm whether the external controller is set properly;

C) If a lithium battery is used, confirm whether the voltage set in items 19 & 20 is appropriate;

D) Restart inverter, if still display fault code, please contact the manufacturer;





11. Failure 09 code (BUS capacitance soft-start failure)

A) Check whether the **battery wiring** is in good connection;B) Restart inverter, if still display fault code, please contact the manufacturer;

12. Alarm 10 code (Power output de-rating) A) Utility power voltage is **lower than 170VAC**;

13. Alarm 13 code (PV voltage is too high)

A) Check whether the PV input voltage is higher than 145V;

14. Alarm 15 code (Utility power source is different in parallel system)

A) Check whether the mains input wire of each machine in the parallel system is tightened and properly connected;B) Check whether the main **input voltage**, **frequency**, **and phase** of each inverter in the parallel system is consistent;

15. Alarm 16 code (System power input phase is inconsistent)

A) Check whether input is **connected correctly**;

B) Change of P2 and P3 inputs for the three-phase system;

C) Restart the inverter. If you still display with the same alarm code, please contact the manufacturer.





16. Alarm 17 code (Parallel system output phase loss)

A) Confirm whether each phase of the inverter is turned on in the three-phase parallel system;
B) Confirm whether the parallel communication wire between machines of each phase are in good connection;
C) Restart inverter. If you still display with the same alarm code, please contact the manufacturer.

17. Alarm 20 code (BMS communication failure)

A) If inverter connected with lead-acid battery, confirm whether setting item 5 is set to LI, please change LI to AGM;

B) If inverter connected with lithium battery, confirm whether the protocol of setting item 36 is selected correctly;

C) Confirm whether the BMS communication wire is an inappropriate connection;

D) Confirm whether the sequence of the BMS communication wire corresponds to the inverter port.

E) Restart the inverter. If you still display the same alarm code, please contact the manufacturer.

18. Failure 52 code (BUS voltage is too low)

A) Confirm whether the connected output is a high power load;

B) Confirm whether the battery capacity is sufficient. Fault may occur if the connected load is higher than the battery capacity;

C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If you still display the same alarm code, please contact the manufacturer.



19. Failure 53 code (Inverter soft start failure)

A) Confirm whether the output connected with a high power load;

B) Confirm whether the battery capacity is sufficient;

C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If still display same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.

20. Failure 56 code (Battery disconnected)

A) Confirm whether the output connected with a high power load;

B) Confirm whether the battery capacity is sufficient (Battery voltage is lower than 32V@48, 16V@24);

C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If still display same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.

21. Failure 58 code (Output voltage is too low)

A) Confirm whether the output connected with a high power load;

B) Confirm whether the battery capacity is sufficient (battery voltage is lower than 32V@48, 16V@24);
 C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If you still display the same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.



22. Failure 60 code (Inverter output connected to AC source)

A) Confirm whether the input and output end is connected correctly;

B) Whether the single-phase parallel system current sharing wire is connected appropriately;

C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If still display the same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.

23. Failure 80 code (CAN communication failure)

A) Check whether all the parallel communication wire of the parallel system are connected properly;

B) Confirm whether the wires are faulty;

C) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If you still display the same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.

24. Failure 81 code (Parallel system host lost)

A) Check whether all the parallel communication lines of the parallel system are connected properly;

B) Confirm whether the wires are defective;

C) In the three-phase parallel system, confirm whether setting item 23 is: the first phase is set to 3P1, the second phase is set to 3P2, and the third phase is set to 3P3;

D) Disconnect all load, restart the inverter. If you still display with same Failure code, please contact the manufacturer.







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