# **User Manual**

# 0.7KW/1KW/1.4KW/2KW/2.6KW/3KW INVERTER / CHARGER

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## **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

#### Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

#### Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



# WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10. Fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

## INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, MPPT solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

### Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Built-in MPPT solar charge controller
- Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function
- Zero-transfer Time

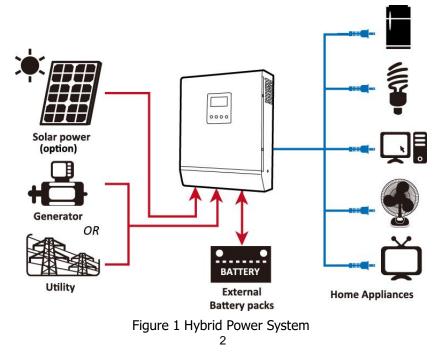
#### **Basic System Architecture**

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

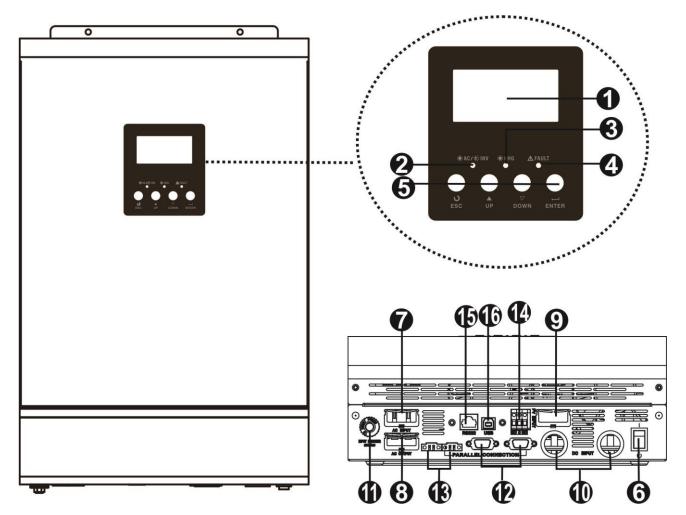
- Generator or Utility.
- PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.



#### **Product Overview**



**NOTE:** For parallel model installation and operation, please check separate parallel installation guide for the details.

- 1. LCD display
- 2. Status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. Power on/off switch
- 7. Grid connectors
- 8. AC output connectors (Load connection)

- 9. PV connectors
- 10. Battery connectors
- 11. Circuit breaker
- 12. Parallel communication cable
- 13. Current sharing cable
- 14. Dry contact
- 15. RS-232 communication port
- 16. USB communication port

## INSTALLATION

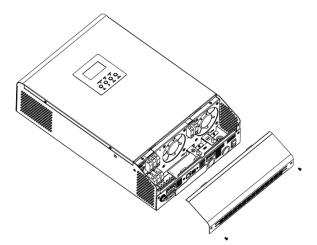
### **Unpacking and Inspection**

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 2
- Software CD x 1

### Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.

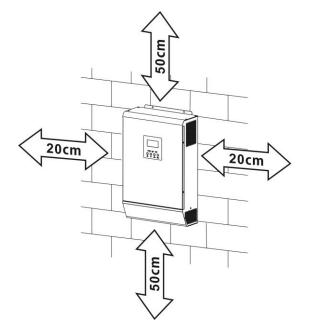


### **Mounting the Unit**

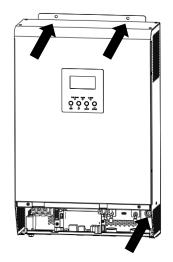
Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.





Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.

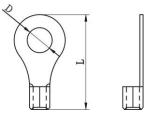


### **Battery Connection**

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

#### **Ring terminal:**

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel. **WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.

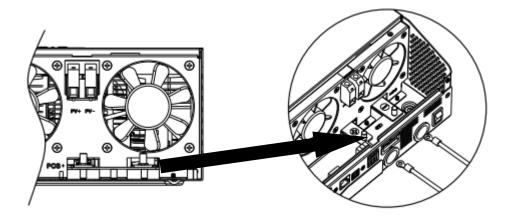


### Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

|       | Maximum  | Patton              |           | R               | ing Termina | al     | Torquo          |
|-------|----------|---------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------|-----------------|
| Model |          | Battery<br>capacity | Wire Size | Cable           | Dimen       | sions  | Torque<br>value |
|       | Amperage | capacity            |           | mm <sup>2</sup> | D (mm)      | L (mm) | value           |
| 0.7KW | 80A      | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm         |
| 1KW   | 114A     | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm         |
| 1.4KW | 77A      | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~3 Nm          |
| 2KW   | 110A     | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~3 Nm          |
| 2.6KW | 72A      | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm         |
| 3KW   | 83A      | 200AH               | 1*4AWG    | 28              | 6.4         | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm         |

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size.
- 2. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to connect at least 100Ah capacity battery.
- 3. Insert the ring terminal of battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.



#### WARNING: Shock Hazard

<u>'</u>

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.

CAUTION!! Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.
 CAUTION!! Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.
 CAUTION!! Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

### AC Input/Output Connection

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 50A for 5KVA.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

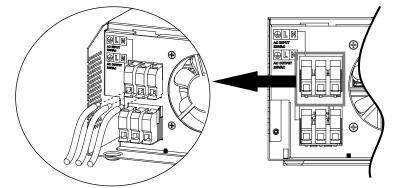
**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below. **Suggested cable requirement for AC wires** 

| Model     | Gauge  | Torque Value |
|-----------|--------|--------------|
| 0.7KW/1KW | 14 AWG | 1.4~ 1.6Nm   |
| 1.4KW/2KW | 12 AWG | 1.4~ 1.6Nm   |
| 2.6KW/3KW | 10 AWG | 1.4~ 1.6Nm   |

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.
  - $\bigoplus$  Ground (yellow-green)
  - L→LINE (brown or black)
  - N→Neutral (blue)



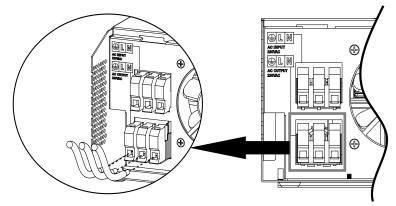


Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws.
 Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.

→Ground (yellow-green) L→LINE (brown or black) N→Neutral (blue)

WARNING:



#### 5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

#### **CAUTION: Important**

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

#### **PV** Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It'' very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

| Model     | Cable Size | Torque     |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| 0.7KW/1KW | 10 AWG     | 1.2~1.6 Nm |
| 1.4KW/2KW | 8 AWG      | 1.2~1.6 Nm |
| 2.6KW/3KW | 6 AWG      | 1.2~1.6 Nm |

#### **PV Module Selection:**

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

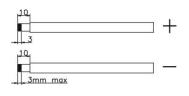
- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

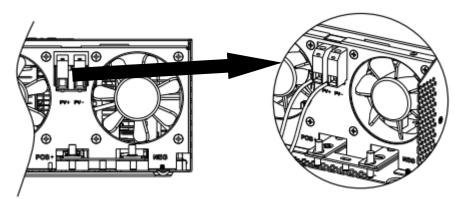
| Solar Charging Mode  |                               |  |  |  |      |     |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|------|-----|
| INVERTER MODEL         0.7KW         1KW         1.4KW         2KW         2.6KW         3KV |                               |  |  |  |      | 3KW |
| Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage   | 145Vdc                        |  |  |  |      |     |
| PV Array MPPT Voltage Range  | 15~115Vdc 30~115Vdc 60~115Vdc |  |  |  |      |     |
| Min. battery voltage for PV charge   | 8.5Vdc 17Vdc 34Vdc            |  |  |  | 4Vdc |     |

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
 Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input

 Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.

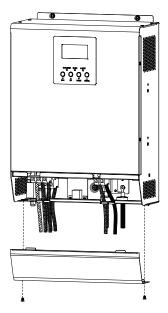




3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

### **Final Assembly**

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



### **Communication Connection**

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

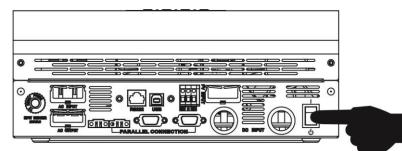
## **Dry Contact Signal**

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

| Unit Status |                        |                 | Condition                          | Dry contact port: NC C NO |        |  |
|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--|
|             |                        |                 |                                    | NC & C                    | NO & C |  |
| Power Off   | Unit is off a          | nd no output is | powered.                           | Close                     | Open   |  |
|             | Output is p            | wered from Uti  | lity.                              | Close                     | Open   |  |
|             | Output is              | Program 01      | Battery voltage < Low DC warning   | Open                      | Close  |  |
|             | powered set as Utility |                 | voltage                            | open                      | CIOSC  |  |
|             | from                   |                 | Battery voltage > Setting value in |                           |        |  |
|             | Battery o              |                 | Program 13 or battery charging     | Close                     | Open   |  |
| Power On    | Solar.                 |                 | reaches floating stage             |                           |        |  |
|             |                        | Program 01      | Battery voltage < Setting value in | Open                      | Close  |  |
|             |                        | is set as       | Program 12                         | Open                      | C103C  |  |
|             |                        | SBU or          | Battery voltage > Setting value in |                           |        |  |
|             |                        | Solar first     | Program 13 or battery charging     | Close                     | Open   |  |
|             |                        |                 | reaches floating stage             |                           |        |  |

## **OPERATION**

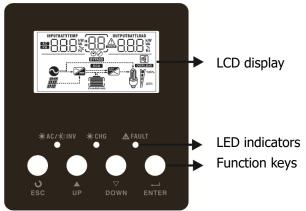
#### **Power ON/OFF**



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

#### **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



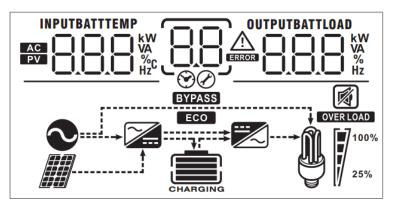
#### **LED Indicator**

| LED II             | ndicator |          | Messages  |
|--------------------|----------|----------|---|
| ₩ AC / X INV Green |          | Solid On | Output is powered by utility in Line mode.          |
|                    |          | Flashing | Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode. |
|                    |          | Solid On | Battery is fully charged.                           |
| 🔆 CHG              | Green    | Flashing | Battery is charging.                                |
|                    |          | Solid On | Fault occurs in the inverter.                       |
| ▲ FAULT            | Red      | Flashing | Warning condition occurs in the inverter.           |

#### **Function Keys**

| Function Key | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| ESC          | To exit setting mode   |
| UP           | To go to previous selection                                    |
| DOWN         | To go to next selection  |
| ENTER        | To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode |

## **LCD Display Icons**



| Icon  | Function description   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Input Source Information  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC  | Indicates the AC input.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PV  | Indicates the PV input   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INPUTBATT   | Indicate input voltage, input f<br>charger current.            | requency, PV voltage, battery voltage and                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Configuration P   | rogram and Fault Informatio                                    | n  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 88  | Indicates the setting program                                  | S.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Indicates the warning and fau                                  | ılt codes.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Warning:   | ng with warning code.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Fault:   | vith fault code  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Output Informa</b>   | tion   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OUTPUTBATTLOAD  | Indicate output voltage, output Watt and discharging current.  | ut frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Battery Informa   | tion   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CHARGING  | Indicates battery level by 0-2-<br>mode and charging status in | 4%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery line mode.                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| In AC mode, it wil  | present battery charging status                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Status  | Battery voltage  | LCD Display  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | <2V/cell   | 4 bars will flash in turns.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant  | 2 ~ 2.083V/cell  | Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current mode /<br>Constant  | 2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell  | Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage mode> 2.167 V/cellBottom three bars will be on and the<br>bar will flash. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Floating mode. B  | atteries are fully charged.                                    | 4 bars will be on.   |  |  |  |  |  |

| In battery mode, it will present battery capacity. |   |                        |                    |          |  |  |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------|----------|--|--|
| Load Percentage                                    |   |                        |                    |          |  |  |
|  | < 1   | 1.717V/cell            |                    |          |  |  |
|  |   | '17V/cell ~ 1.8V/cell  |                    |          |  |  |
| Load >50%  | 1.8   | 8 ~ 1.883V/cell        |                    |          |  |  |
|  | >   | 1.883 V/cell           |                    |          |  |  |
|  | < 2   | 1.817V/cell            |                    |          |  |  |
|  |   | 317V/cell ~ 1.9V/cell  |                    |          |  |  |
| 50%> Load > 20°                                    |   | ) ~ 1.983V/cell        |                    |          |  |  |
|  | > :   | 1.983                  |                    |          |  |  |
|  | < 2   | 1.867V/cell            |                    |          |  |  |
|  | 1.8   | 67V/cell ~ 1.95V/cell  |                    |          |  |  |
| Load < 20%   | 1.9   | 1.95 ~ 2.033V/cell     |                    |          |  |  |
|  | > 2   | 2.033                  |                    |          |  |  |
| Load Information                                   | ı   |                        |                    |          |  |  |
| OVERLOAD   | Indicates overloa                                 | ad.                    |                    |          |  |  |
|  | Indicates the loa                                 | d level by 0-24%, 25-4 | 19%, 50-74% and 75 | 5-100%.  |  |  |
| <b>M 1</b> <sup>100%</sup>                         | 0%~24%  | 25%~49%                | 50%~74%            | 75%~100% |  |  |
| 25%  | 7   | 7                      | 7                  |          |  |  |
| Mode Operation                                     | Information                                       |                        |                    |          |  |  |
| $\mathbf{\sim}$                                    | Indicates unit co                                 | nnects to the mains.   |                    |          |  |  |
|  | Indicates unit co                                 | nnects to the PV panel |                    |          |  |  |
| BYPASS   | Indicates inverte                                 | er works in Bypass mod | le                 |          |  |  |
| ECO  | Indicates inverter works in ECO mode              |                        |                    |          |  |  |
|  | Indicates the utility charger circuit is working. |                        |                    |          |  |  |
|  | Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.  |                        |                    |          |  |  |
| Mute Operation                                     |   |                        |                    |          |  |  |
| <b>N</b>   | Indicates unit al                                 | arm is disabled.       |                    |          |  |  |
|  |   |                        |                    |          |  |  |

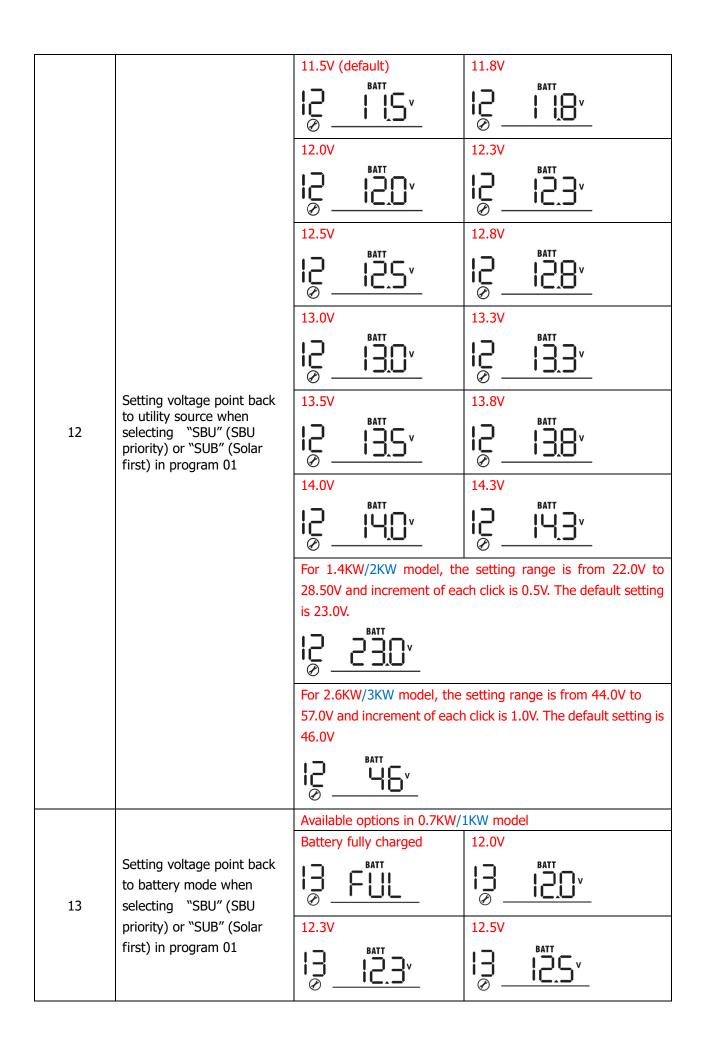
## LCD Setting

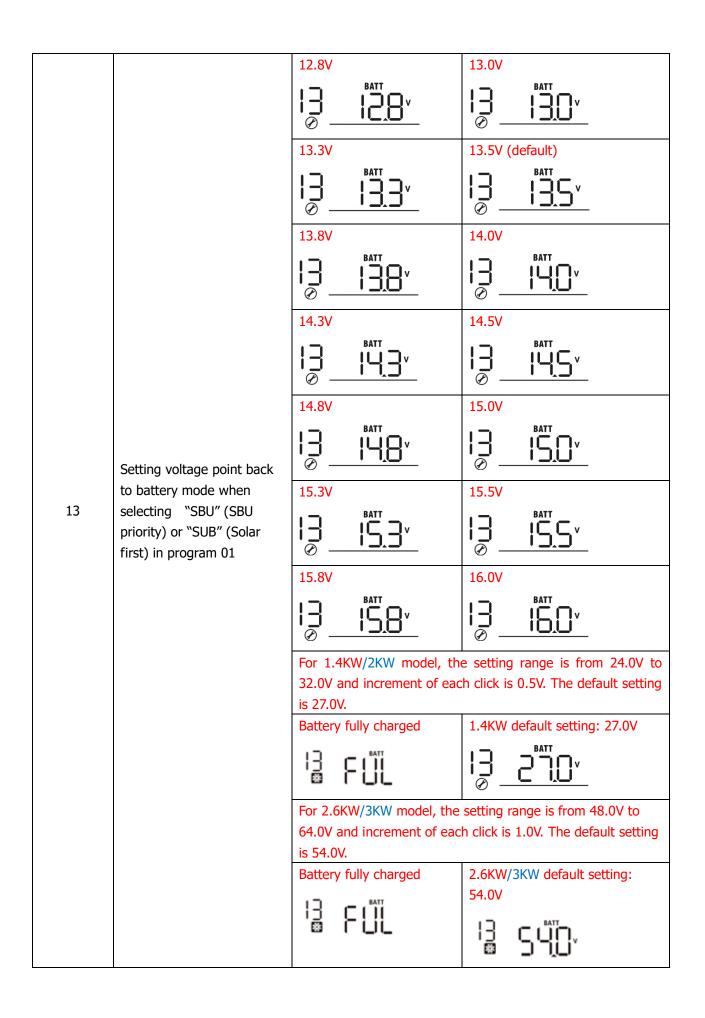
After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

| Program | Description   | Selectable option             |   |  |  |
|---------|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 00      | Exit setting mode   | Escape                        |   |  |  |
|         |   | USB : Utility first (default) | Utility will provide power to the<br>loads as first priority.<br>If Utility energy is unavailable,<br>solar energy and battery<br>provides power the loads.   |  |  |
| 01      | Output source priority:   | SUB: Solar first              | Solar energy provides power to<br>the loads as first priority.<br>If solar energy is not sufficient to<br>power all connected loads, utility<br>energy will supply power to the<br>loads at the same time.<br>Battery provides power to the<br>loads only when solar and utility<br>is not sufficient.  |  |  |
| 01      | To configure load power<br>source priority  | SBU priority                  | Solar energy provides power to<br>the loads as first priority.<br>If solar energy is not sufficient to<br>power all connected loads,<br>battery energy will supply power<br>to the loads at the same time.<br>Utility provides power to the<br>loads only when battery voltage<br>drops to either low-level warning<br>voltage or the setting point in<br>program 12 or solar and battery<br>is not sufficient. |  |  |
| 02      | Maximum charging current:<br>To configure total charging<br>current for solar and utility<br>chargers.<br>(Max. charging current =<br>utility charging current +<br>solar charging current) | 60A (default)                 | The setting range is from 10A to 140A and increment of each click is 10A.   |  |  |

#### Setting Programs:

| 05 | Battery type  | AGM (default)  | Flooded  |
|----|---|--|--|
| 05 | battery type  | 0 <u>5 USE</u>   | battery charge voltage and low<br>DC cut-off voltage can be set up<br>in program 26, 27 and 29.  |
| 06 | Auto restart when overload occurs   | Restart disable (default)  | Restart enable   |
| 07 | Auto restart when over temperature occurs   | Restart disable (default)  | Restart enable   |
| 09 | Output frequency  | 50Hz   | 60Hz (default)   |
| 10 | Operation Logic   | Automatically (default)  | If selected and utility is available,<br>inverter will work in line mode.<br>Once utility frequency is<br>unstable, inverter will work in<br>bypass mode if bypass function<br>is not forbidden in program 23.<br>If selected, inverter will work in<br>line mode when utility is<br>available.<br>If selected and bypass is not<br>forbidden in program 23, inverter<br>will work in ECO mode when<br>utility is available. |
| 11 | Maximum utility charging<br>current   | 2A<br>20A<br>20A<br>20A<br>20A<br>20A<br>20A<br>20A<br>2                         | $ \begin{array}{c c} 10A \\                                    $   |
| 12 | Setting voltage point back<br>to utility source when<br>selecting "SBU" (SBU<br>priority) or "SUB" (Solar<br>first) in program 01 | Available options in 0.7KW/<br>11.0V<br>BATT<br>O<br>Available options in 0.7KW/ |  |





| 16 | Solar energy and utility<br>setting:<br>To configure solar energy<br>priority for battery/load and<br>utility charge battery | SbL: Solar energy for<br>battery first<br>UCB: Allow utility to<br>charge battery (Default) | Solar energy charges battery<br>first and the utility is allowed to<br>charge battery.  |
|----|--|---|---|
|    |  | SbL: Solar energy for<br>battery first<br>UdC: Not allow utility to<br>charge battery       | Solar energy charge battery first<br>and the utility is not allowed to<br>charge battery.   |
| 16 | Solar energy and utility<br>setting:<br>To configure solar energy<br>priority for battery/load and                           | SLb: Solar energy for load<br>first<br>UCb: Allow utility to<br>charge battery              | Solar energy provides power to<br>the load first and the utility is<br>allowed to charge battery.   |
|    | utility charge battery   | SLb: Solar energy for load<br>first<br>UdC: Not allow utility to<br>charge battery          | Solar energy provides power to<br>the load first and the utility is not<br>allowed to charge battery.   |
|    |  | Alarm on (default)  | Alarm off   |
| 18 | Alarm control  | 1 <u>8 POU</u>  | I <u>Ø_60F</u>  |
| 19 | Auto return to default<br>display screen   | Return to default display<br>screen (default)   | If selected, no matter how users<br>switch display screen, it will<br>automatically return to default<br>display screen (Input voltage<br>/output voltage) after no button<br>is pressed for 1 minute.<br>If selected, the display screen |
|    |  | 1 <u>3 - ED</u>   | will stay at latest screen user finally switches.   |
| 20 | Backlight control  | Backlight on (default)  |   |
| 22 | Beeps while primary source is interrupted  | Alarm on (default)  |   |
|    |  | Bypass Forbidden  | If selected, inverter won't work<br>in bypass/ECO modes.  |
| 23 | Bypass function:   | Bypass disable  | If selected and power ON button<br>is pressed on, inverter can work<br>in bypass/ECO mode only if<br>utility is available.  |

|    |  | Bypass enable (default)                                  | If selected and no matter power<br>ON button is pressed on or not,<br>inverter can work in bypass<br>mode if utility is available.   |
|----|--|--|--|
| 25 | Record Fault code  | Record enable  | Record disable (default)   |
| 26 | Bulk charging voltage<br>(C.V voltage)   | set up. Setting range is from model, from 24.0V to 32.0V | BATT<br>BATT<br>Setting: 28.2V<br>BATT<br>BATT<br>C<br>BATT<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C<br>C         |
| 27 | Floating charging voltage  | set up. Setting range is from model, from 24.0V to 32.0V |  |
| 28 | AC output mode<br>*This setting is able to set<br>up only when the inverter is<br>in standby mode. Be sure<br>that on/off switch is in |  | When the units are used in<br>parallel with single phase, please<br>select "PAL" in program 28.<br>It is required to have at least 3 |

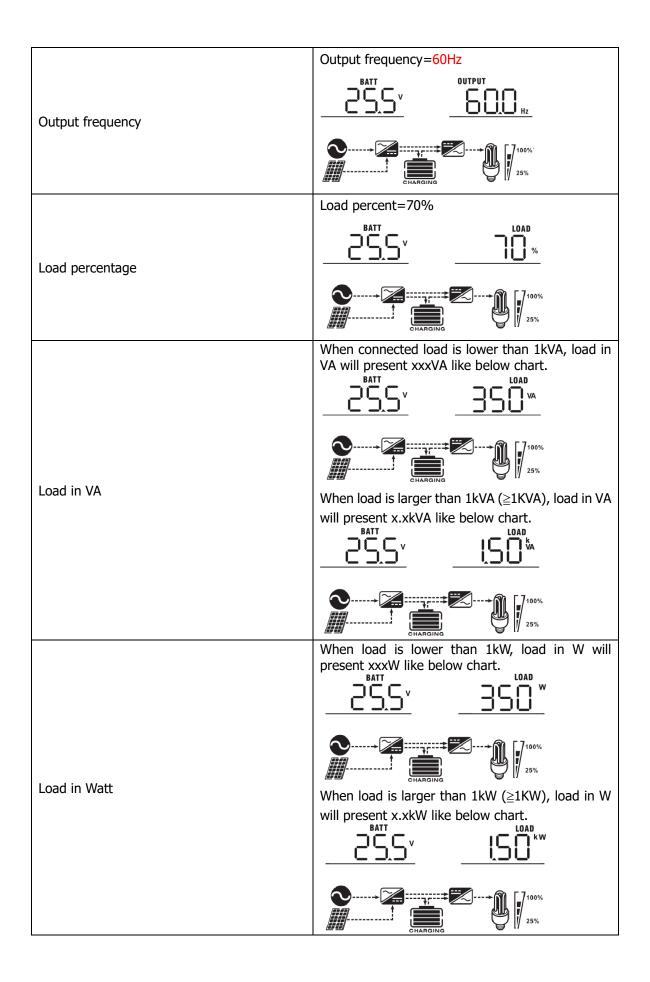
|    | "OFF" status   |   | inverters or maximum 9 inverters<br>to support three-phase<br>equipment. It's required to have<br>at least one inverter in each<br>phase or it's up to four inverters<br>in one phase. Please refers to 5-2<br>for detailed information.  |
|----|--|---|---|
| 28 | AC output mode<br>*This setting is able to set<br>up only when the inverter is<br>in standby mode. Be sure<br>that on/off switch is in<br>"OFF" status | L1 phase:<br>L2 phase:  | Please select "3P1" in program<br>28 for the inverters connected to<br>L1 phase, "3P2" in program 28<br>for the inverters connected to L2<br>phase and "3P3" in program 28<br>for the inverters connected to L3<br>phase.<br>Be sure to connect share current<br>cable to units which are on the<br>same phase.<br>Do NOT connect share current<br>cable between units on different<br>phases.  |
| 29 | Low DC cut-off voltage   | set up. Setting range is from<br>model, from 20.0V to 27.0V<br>40.0V to 54.0V for 2.6KW/3 | BATT<br>Setting: 21.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>BATT<br>D<br>V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>Setting: 42.0V<br>S |
| 32 | Bulk charging time<br>(C.V stage)  | Automatically (Default):<br>32 RUE<br>5 min<br>32 S<br>900 min<br>32 S                    | If selected, inverter will judge<br>this charging time automatically.<br>If "User-Defined" is selected in<br>program 05, this program can be<br>set up. Setting range is from<br>5min to 900min. Increment of<br>each click is 5min. Otherwise,<br>Keeping auto-charging time.  |
| 33 | Battery equalization   | Battery equalization<br>enable  | Battery equalization disable<br>(default)<br>$\bigcirc$ $\Box$ $\Box$ $\Box$ $\Box$<br>ed" is selected in program 05, this  |

|    | 0.7KW/1KW model default setting: 14.6V. |   |  |  |  |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|
|    |   | Eu34  |  |  |  |
|    |   | 1.4KW/2KW model default setting: 29.2V.   |  |  |  |
| 34 | Battery equalization voltage            | <u>Eu</u> 84  |  |  |  |
|    |   | 2.6KW/3KW model default   | setting: 58.4V.  |  |  |
|    |   | Eu34  |  |  |  |
|    |   | Setting range is from 12.0V to16.0V for 0.7KW/1KW model,<br>from 24.0V to 32.0V for 1.4KW/2KW model and from 48.0V to<br>64.0V for 2.6KW/3KW model. Increment of each click is<br>0.1V. |  |  |  |
| 35 | Battery equalized time                  | 60min (default)   | Setting range is from 5min to<br>900min. Increment of each click<br>is 5min.   |  |  |
| 36 | Battery equalized timeout               | 120min (default)  | Setting range is from 5min to<br>900 min. Increment of each click<br>is 5 min. |  |  |
| 37 | Equalization interval                   | 30days (default)  | Setting range is from 0 to 90<br>days. Increment of each click is 1<br>day     |  |  |
| 39 | Equalization activated immediately      | can be set up. If "Enable" is   | Disable (default)  |  |  |
|    |   | equalization function until r   | hext activated equalization time<br>37 setting. At this time, " $\Box$ " will  |  |  |

### **Display Setting**

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

| Selectable information  | LCD display                                |
|---|--|
|   | Input Voltage=120V, output voltage=120V    |
| Input voltage/Output voltage<br>(Default Display Screen)  |  |
| (   |  |
|   | Input frequency=60Hz                       |
| aput voltage/Output voltage<br>Default Display Screen)<br>aput frequency<br>/ voltage<br>harging current<br>/ power | <u>▲800</u> ** <u>150*</u>                 |
|   |  |
|   | PV voltage=60V                             |
| put voltage/Output voltage<br>Default Display Screen)<br>put frequency<br>/ voltage<br>harging current<br>/ power   | <u>•• 60 č</u> <u>120 č</u>                |
|   |  |
|   | charging current=50A                       |
| Charging current  |  |
|   |  |
| PV power  | PV power = 500W                            |
|   |  |
|   |  |
|   | Battery voltage=25.5V, output voltage=120V |
| Battery voltage and output voltage  |  |
|   |  |



|  | Battery voltage=25.5V, discharging current=1A |
|--|---|
| Battery voltage/DC discharging current |   |
|  |   |
|  | Main CPU version 00014.04                     |
|  | 01 19 09                                      |
| Main CPU version checking              | BYPASS  |
|  |   |
|  | Secondary CPU version 00003.03                |
|  | U2_U3U3                                       |
| Secondary CPU version checking         | BYPASS  |
|  |   |

## **Operating Mode Description**

| Operation mode  | Description   | LCD display  |
|---|---|--|
| Standby mode<br>Note:<br>*Standby mode: The inverter<br>is not turned on yet but at this<br>time, the inverter can charge<br>battery without AC output. | No output is supplied by the<br>unit but it still can charge<br>batteries.                                | Charging by utility and PV energy.   |
| Bypass Mode   | The unit will provide output<br>power from the utility. PV<br>energy and utility can charge<br>batteries. | Charging by utility and PV energy.<br>EVEASS<br>Charging by PV<br>EVEASS<br>Charging by Utility<br>Charging by utility<br>EVEASS<br>Charging by Utility<br>Charging by Util |

|   |   | Charging by utility and PV energy  |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| ECO Mode  | The unit will provide output<br>power from the utility. PV<br>energy and utility can charge<br>batteries. | Charging by utility and PV energy. |
| Fault mode<br>Note:<br>*Fault mode: Errors are<br>caused by inside circuit error<br>or external reasons such as<br>over temperature, output short<br>circuited and so on. | Utility can bypass.   | No charging and Bypass             |
| Line Mode   | The unit will provide output<br>power from the mains. It will<br>also charge the battery at<br>line mode. | Charging by utility and PV energy. |
| Battery Mode  | The unit will provide output<br>power from battery and PV<br>power.                                       | Power from battery and PV energy.  |

| Fault Code | Fault Event  | Icon on  |
|------------|--|----------|
| 01         | Fan is locked when inverter is off.  |          |
| 02         | Over temperature   |          |
| 03         | Battery voltage is too high  |          |
| 04         | Battery voltage is too low   |          |
| 05         | Output short circuited or over temperature is detected by internal converter components. |          |
| 06         | Output voltage is too high.  |          |
| 07         | Overload time out  |          |
| 08         | Bus voltage is too high  | <u> </u> |
| 09         | Bus soft start failed  |          |
| 50         | PFC over current   |          |
| 51         | Over current or surge  | [        |
| 52         | Bus voltage is too low   |          |
| 53         | Inverter soft start failed   |          |
| 55         | Over DC voltage in AC output   |          |
| 56         | Battery connection is open   |          |
| 57         | Current sensor failed  |          |
| 58         | Output voltage is too low  | 58       |

### Fault Reference Code

## Warning Indicator

| Warning<br>Code | Warning Event                      | Audible Alarm                 | Icon flashing |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 01              | Fan is locked when inverter is on. | Beep three times every second |               |
| 02              | Over temperature                   | None                          |               |
| 03              | Battery is over-charged            | Beep once every second        |               |
| 04              | Low battery                        | Beep once every second        | ĴŸ≜           |
| 07              | Overload                           | Beep once every 0.5 second    | OVER LOAD     |
| 10              | Output power derating              | Beep twice every 3 seconds    |               |
| E9              | Battery equalization               | None                          | [EQA          |
| 6P              | Battery is not connected           | None                          | <b>₽</b> ₽≜   |

## **BATTERY EQUALIZATION**

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

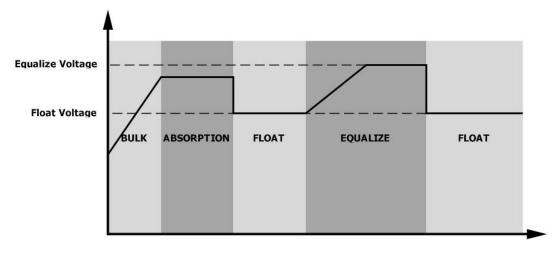
#### • How to Apply Equalization Function

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 33 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1. Setting equalization interval in program 37.
- 2. Active equalization immediately in program 39.

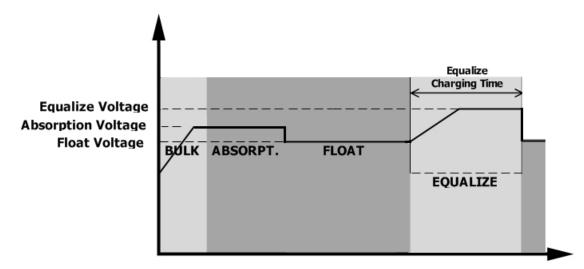
#### • When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

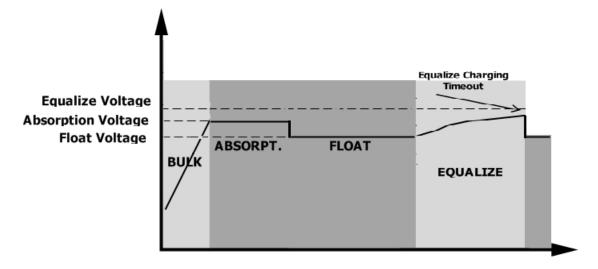


#### • Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



## SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL                         | 0.7KW/1KW   | 1.4KW/2KW              | 2.6KW/3KW |  |
|--|---|------------------------|-----------|--|
| Input Voltage Waveform                 | Sinusoidal  |                        |           |  |
| Nominal Input Voltage                  |   | 120Vac                 |           |  |
| Low Loss Voltage                       | 95Vac±3V  |                        |           |  |
| Low Loss Return Voltage                |   | 100Vac±3V              |           |  |
| High Loss Voltage                      |   | 140Vac±3V              |           |  |
| High Loss Return Voltage               |   | 135Vac±3V              |           |  |
| Max AC Input Voltage                   | 150Vac  |                        |           |  |
| Nominal Input Frequency                | 601   | Hz / 50Hz (Auto detect | ion)      |  |
| Low Loss Frequency                     |   | 56(46)±1Hz             |           |  |
| Low Loss Return Frequency              | 57(46.5)±1Hz  |                        |           |  |
| High Loss Frequency                    |   | 64(54)±1Hz             |           |  |
| High Loss Return Frequency             |   | 63(53)±1Hz             |           |  |
| Power Factor                           |   | >0.98                  |           |  |
| <b>Output Short Circuit Protection</b> | Line mode: Circuit Breaker<br>Battery mode: Electronic Circuits |                        |           |  |
| Peak Efficiency (Line Mode)            | 88% 90% 92%   |                        |           |  |
| Transfer Time                          | Line mode ← → Battery mode 0ms<br>Inverter ← → Bypass 4ms       |                        |           |  |

Table 2 Battery Mode Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL                | 0.7KW            | <b>1KW</b>   | 1.4KW            | <b>2KW</b>    | 2.6KW            | 3KW          |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| Rated Output Power            | 0.7KVA/<br>0.7KW | 1KVA/<br>1KW | 1.4KVA/<br>1.4KW | 2KVA/<br>2KW  | 2.6KVA/<br>2.6KW | 3KVA/<br>3KW |
| Output Voltage Waveform       | Pure Sine Wave   |              |                  |               |                  |              |
| Output Voltage Regulation     |                  |              | 120Va            | ac±5%         |                  |              |
| Output Frequency              |                  |              | 60Hz (           | or 50Hz       |                  |              |
| Peak Efficiency               | 87.              | 5%           | 89.              | .5%           | 9:               | 1%           |
| Overload Protection           |                  | 5s@≥1        | 50% load; 10     | s@105%~1      | .50% load        |              |
| Surge Capacity                |                  | 2            | 2* rated powe    | er for 5 seco | nds              |              |
| Nominal DC Input Voltage      | 12V              | ′dc          | 24               | /dc           | 48V              | /dc          |
| Operating Range               | 40Vdc -          | ·16Vdc       | 40Vdc -          | -32Vdc        | 40Vdc -          | -64Vdc       |
| Cold Start Voltage            | 11.5Vdc 23Vdc    |              | 46\              | /dc           |                  |              |
| Low DC Warning Voltage        |                  |              |                  |               |                  |              |
| @ load < 50%                  | 11.2Vdc 22.5Vdc  |              | 45.0             | 45.0Vdc       |                  |              |
| @ load ≥ 50%                  | 11.0Vdc 22.0Vdc  |              | 44.0             | Vdc           |                  |              |
| Low DC Warning Return Voltage |                  |              |                  |               |                  |              |
| @ load < 50%                  | 11.7             |              | 23.5             |               | 47.0             |              |
| @ load ≥ 50%                  | 11.5Vdc 23.0Vdc  |              | 46.0             | Vdc           |                  |              |
| Low DC Cut-off Voltage        |                  |              |                  |               |                  |              |
| @ load < 50%                  | 10.7             |              | 21.5             |               | 43.0Vdc          |              |
| @ load ≥ 50%                  | 10.5Vdc 21.0Vdc  |              | 42.0             | Vdc           |                  |              |
| High DC Recovery Voltage      | 15V              | /dc          | 31V              | /dc           | 63V              | /dc          |
| High DC Cut-off Voltage       | 16V              | /dc          | 32V              | /dc           | 64V              | /dc          |
| No Load Power Consumption     | <3               | 80W          | <3               | W0            | <4               | łow          |

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

| Utility Charging Mode     |              |                        |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| INVERTER MODEL            |              | 0.7KW/1KW              | 1.4KW/2KW  | 2.6KW/3KW  |  |
| Charging C                |              | Default: 30A, max: 60A |  |  |  |
| @ Nominal I               | nput Voltage | Deladit. SoA, max. ooA |  |  |  |
| Bulk                      | Flooded      | 14.6Vdc                | 29.2Vdc  | 58.4Vdc  |  |
| Charging                  | Battery      | 1.00000                | 25.2700  |  |  |
| Voltage                   | AGM / Gel    | 14.1Vdc                | 28.2Vdc  | 56.4Vdc  |  |
| Tonage                    | Battery      | 1 HIVGC                |  |  |  |
| Floating Charging Voltage |              | 13.5Vdc                | 27Vdc  | 54Vdc  |  |
| Overcharge Protection     |              | 16.5Vdc                | 33Vdc  | 66Vdc  |  |
| Charging A                | lgorithm     | 3-Step                 |  |  |  |
| Charging Curve            |              | Bulk                   | T1<br>, minimum 10mins, maximum 80rs<br>Absorption<br>constant Voltage) Maintenanc<br>(Floating) | Charging Current, %<br>Voltage<br>- 100%<br>- 50%<br>e<br>Time |  |

| Solar Charging Mode (MPPT type) |              |            |            |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|--|
| INVERTER MODEL                  | 0.7KW/1KW    | 1.4KW/2KW  | 2.6KW/3KW  |  |
| Rated Power                     | 1000W        | 2000W      | 4000W      |  |
| Maximum charging                | 80A          |            |            |  |
| current                         |              |            |            |  |
| Solar Charging                  | 82.0% max.   | 89.0% max. | 94.0% max. |  |
| Efficiency                      | 02.0 /0 max. |            |            |  |
| Max. PV Array Open              | 145Vdc       |            |            |  |
| Circuit Voltage                 |              |            |            |  |
| PV Array MPPT Voltage           | 15~115Vdc    | 30~115Vdc  | 60~115Vdc  |  |
| Range                           | 12~112vuc    | 50~115VuC  | 00~115vuc  |  |
| Battery Voltage                 | +/-0.3%      |            |            |  |
| Accuracy                        |              |            |            |  |
| PV Voltage Accuracy             | +/-5V        |            |            |  |
| Charging Algorithm              | 3-Step       |            |            |  |
| Joint Utility and Solar Cha     | arging       |            |            |  |
| Max Charging Current            |              | 140A       |            |  |
| Default Charging                | C04          |            |            |  |
| Current                         | 60A          |            |            |  |

Table 4 ECO/Bypass Mode Specifications

| Bypass Mode                      |   |            |           |
|----------------------------------|---|------------|-----------|
| INVERTER MODEL                   | 0.7KW/1KW   | 1.4KW/2KW  | 2.6KW/3KW |
| Input Voltage Waveform Sinusoida |   | Sinusoidal |           |
| Low Loss Voltage                 | 85Vac±3V  |            |           |
| Low Loss Return Voltage          | 90Vac±3V  |            |           |
| High Loss Voltage                | 140Vac±3V   |            |           |
| High Loss Return Voltage         | h Loss Return Voltage 130Vac±3V                   |            |           |
| Nominal Input Frequency          | ninal Input Frequency60Hz / 50Hz (Auto detection) |            |           |
| Low Loss Frequency 56(46)±1Hz    |   |            |           |
| Low Loss Return Frequency        | 57(46.5)±1Hz                                      |            |           |
| High Loss Frequency              | h Loss Frequency 64(54)±1Hz                       |            |           |
| High Loss Return Frequency       | 63(53)±1Hz  |            |           |

#### Table 5 General Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL                 | 0.7KW/1KW                                    | 1.4KW/2KW | 2.6KW/3KW |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| SCC type                       | МРРТ   |           |           |
| Parallel-able                  | YES  |           |           |
| Communication                  | RS232 and USB                                |           |           |
| Safety Certification           | CE   |           |           |
| Operating Temperature<br>Range | -10°C to 50°C                                |           |           |
| Storage temperature            | -15°C~ 60°C                                  |           |           |
| Humidity                       | 5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing) |           |           |
| Dimension<br>(D*W*H), mm       | 120x295x468                                  |           |           |
| Net Weight, kg                 | 10   | 10.5      | 11        |

## **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

| Problem  | LCD/LED/Buzzer   | Explanation / Possible cause   | What to do   |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit shuts down<br>automatically<br>during startup<br>process.                         | LCD/LEDs and buzzer<br>will be active for 3<br>seconds and then<br>complete off. | The battery voltage is too low<br>(<1.91V/Cell)  | <ol> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>   |  |
| No response after power on.  | No indication.   | <ol> <li>The battery voltage is far too<br/>low. (&lt;1.4V/Cell)</li> <li>Battery polarity is connected<br/>reversed.</li> </ol> | <ol> <li>Check if batteries and the<br/>wiring are connected well.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>  |  |
|  | Input voltage is<br>displayed as 0 on the<br>LCD and green LED is<br>flashing.   | Input protector is tripped   | Check if AC breaker is tripped<br>and AC wiring is connected<br>well.  |  |
| Mains exist but the<br>unit works in<br>battery mode.                                  | Green LED is flashing.   | Insufficient quality of AC power.<br>(Shore or Generator)  | <ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too<br/>thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if<br/>applied) is working well or if<br/>input voltage range setting is<br/>correct. (UPS→Appliance)</li> </ol> |  |
|  | Green LED is flashing.   | Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.  | Change output source priority to Utility first.  |  |
| When the unit is<br>turned on, internal<br>relay is switched on<br>and off repeatedly. | LCD display and LEDs are flashing  | Battery is disconnected.   | Check if battery wires are connected well.   |  |
|  | Fault code 07  | Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.  | Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.   |  |
|  | Fault code 05  | Output short circuited.  | Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.  |  |
|  |  | Temperature of internal converter<br>component is over 120°C. (Only<br>available for 1-3KVA models.)                             | Check whether the air flow of<br>the unit is blocked or whether<br>the ambient temperature is  |  |
|  | Fault code 02  | Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.  | too high.  |  |
|  |  | Battery is over-charged.   | Return to repair center.   |  |
| Buzzer beeps   | Fault code 03  | The battery voltage is too high.   | Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.   |  |
| continuously and<br>red LED is on.   | Fault code 01  | Fan fault  | Replace the fan.   |  |
|  | Fault code 06/58   | Output abnormal (Inverter voltage<br>below than 190Vac or is higher<br>than 260Vac)  | <ol> <li>Reduce the connected<br/>load.</li> <li>Return to repair center</li> </ol>  |  |
|  | Fault code<br>08/09/53/57  | Internal components failed.  | Return to repair center.   |  |
|  | Fault code 50  | PFC over current or surge.   |  |  |
|  | Fault code 51  | Over current or surge.   | Restart the unit, if the error<br>happens again, please return<br>to repair center.  |  |
|  | Fault code 52  | Bus voltage is too low.  |  |  |
|  | Fault code 55  | Output voltage is unbalanced.  |  |  |
|  | Fault code 56  | Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.  | If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.  |  |

# **Appendix I: Parallel function**

### 1. Introduction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units. The supported maximum output power for 0.7KW is 6.3KW/6.3KVA, for 1KW is 9KW/9KVA, for 1.4KW is 12.6KW/12.6KVA, for 2KW is 36KW/36KVA, for 2.6KW model is 23.4KW/23.4KVA and for 3KW is 27KW/27KVA.
- 2. Maximum nine units work together to support three-phase or split phase equipment. Each phase should have at least one inverter and the remaining inverters can join in any phase. For 0.7KW, the supported maximum output power is 6.3KW/6.3KVA and one phase can be up to 4.9KW/4.9KVA. For 1KW, the supported maximum output power is 9KW/9KVA and one phase can be up to 7KW/7KVA. For 1.4KW, the supported maximum output power is 12.6KW/12.6KVA and one phase can be up to 9.8KW/9.8KVA. For 2KW, the supported maximum output power is 18KW/18KVA and one phase can be up to 14KW/14KVA. For 2KW, the supported maximum output power is 23.4KW/23.4KVA and one phase can be up to 18.2KW/18.2KVA. For 3KW, the supported maximum output power is 23.4KW/23.4KVA and one phase can be up to 21KW/21KVA.

**NOTE:** If this unit is bundled with share current cable and parallel cable, this inverter is default supported parallel operation. You may skip section 3. If not, please purchase parallel kit and install this unit by following instruction from professional technical personnel in local dealer.

**Warning**: Please make sure the output neutral of each inverter is always connected when they are configured in parallel operation. Otherwise, it will damage the inverter.

## 2. Package Contents

In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:

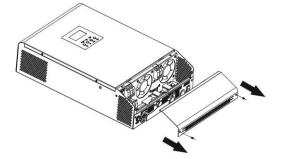
Parallel board

Parallel communication cable

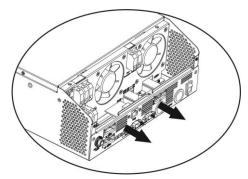
Current sharing cable

#### 3. Parallel board installation

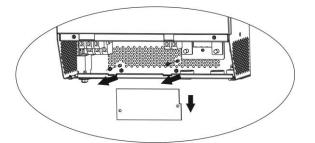
Step 1: Remove wire cover by unscrewing all screws.



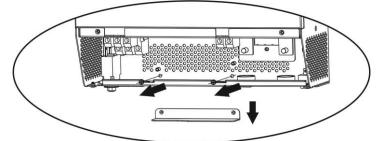
Step 2: Remove communication board by unscrewing two screws as below chart.



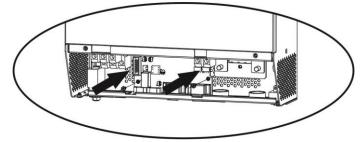
**Step 3:** Remove two screws as below chart and remove 2-pin and 14-pin cables. Take out the board under the communication board.



**Step 4:** Remove two screws as below chart to take out cover of parallel communication.



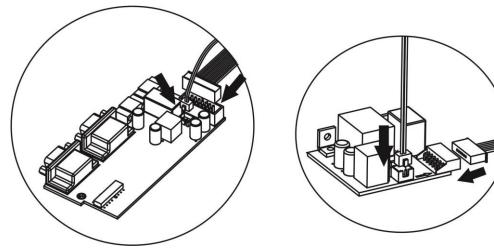
**Step 5:** Install new parallel board with 2 screws tightly.



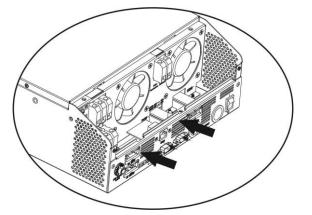
**Step 6:** Re-connect 2-pin and 14-pin to original position.

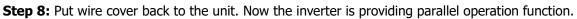


**Communication board** 



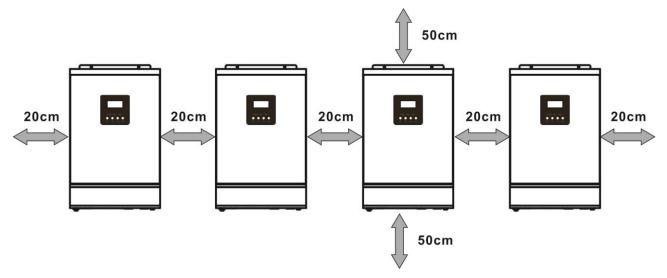
Step 7: Put communication board back to the unit.





## 4. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



**NOTE:** For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

## 4. Wiring Connection

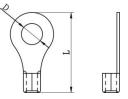
## NOTICE: It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

#### Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

|               |           | R               | Токано     |        |         |  |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|--------|---------|--|
| Model         | Wire Size | Cable           | Dimensions |        | Torque  |  |
|               |           | mm <sup>2</sup> | D (mm)     | L (mm) | value   |  |
| 0.7KW/<br>1KW | 1 *4AWG   | 28              | 6.4        | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm |  |
| 1.4KW/<br>2KW | 1 * 4AWG  | 28              | 6.4        | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm |  |
| 2.6KW/<br>3KW | 1 * 4AWG  | 28              | 6.4        | 49.7   | 2~ 3 Nm |  |





**WARNING:** Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

| Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter: |         |           |  |  |  |
|---|---------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Model   | AWG no. | Torque    |  |  |  |
| 0.7KW/1KW   | 14 AWG  | 1.4~1.6Nm |  |  |  |
| 1.4KW/2KW   | 12 AWG  | 1.4~1.6Nm |  |  |  |
| 2.6KW/3KW   | 10 AWG  | 1.4~1.6Nm |  |  |  |

#### Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

**WARNING!!** Make sure all output N wires of each inverter must be connected all the time. Otherwise, it will cause inverter fault in error code #72.

**CAUTION!!** Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in 5-1 and 5-2.

| Model     | 1 unit*    |
|-----------|------------|
| 0.7KW/1KW | 100A/80VDC |
| 1.4KW/2KW | 100A/80VDC |
| 2.6KW/3KW | 100A/80VDC |

Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

\*If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

|           |         | -       |         | -       |         |         |         |         |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model     | 2 units | 3 units | 4 units | 5 units | 6 units | 7 units | 8 units | 9 units |
| 0.7KW/1KW | 32A     | 48A     | 64A     | 80A     | 96A     | 112A    | 128A    | 144A    |
| 1.4KW/2KW | 64A     | 96A     | 128A    | 160A    | 192A    | 224A    | 256A    | 288A    |
| 2.6KW/3KW | 96A     | 144A    | 192A    | 240A    | 288A    | 336A    | 384A    | 432A    |

**Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:** 

**Note1:** Also, you can use 16A breaker for 0.7KW/1KW, 32A for 1.4KW/2KW and 48A for 2.6KW/3KW for only 1

unit and install one breaker at its AC input in each inverter.

Note2: Regarding three-phase system, you can use 4-pole breaker directly and the rating of the breaker

should be compatible with the phase current limitation from the phase with maximum units

#### **Recommended battery capacity**

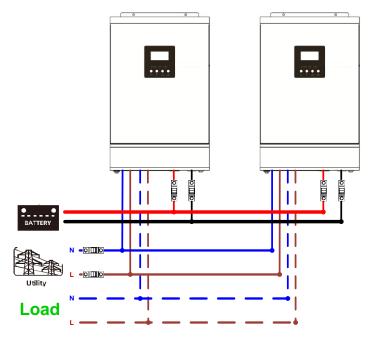
| Inverter parallel numbers | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8      | 9      |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Battery Capacity          | 400AH | 600AH | 800AH | 1000AH | 1200AH | 1400AH | 1600AH | 1800AH |

**WARNING!** Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

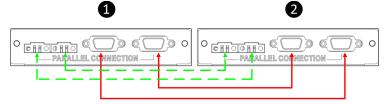
## 5-1. Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

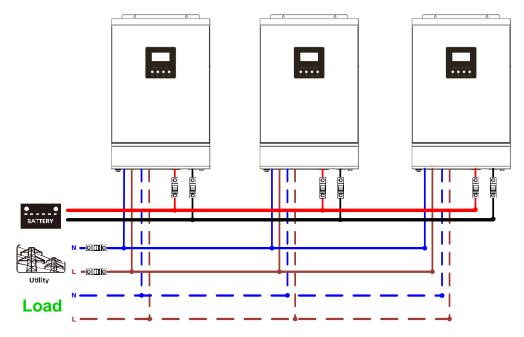
#### **Power Connection**

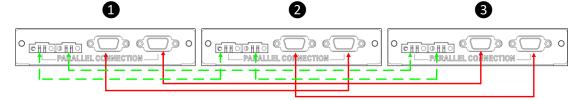


## **Communication Connection**



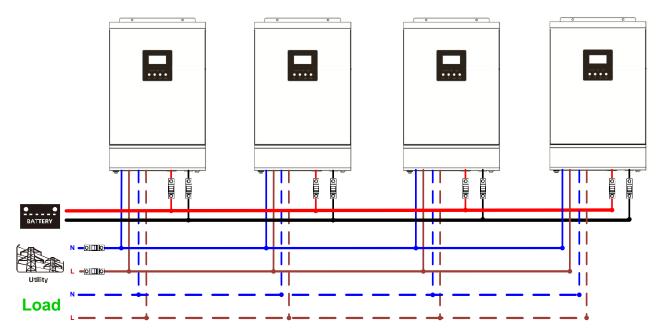
#### Three inverters in parallel:



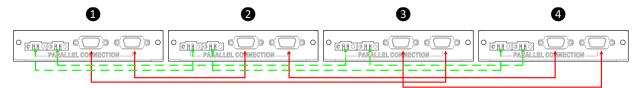


Four inverters in parallel:

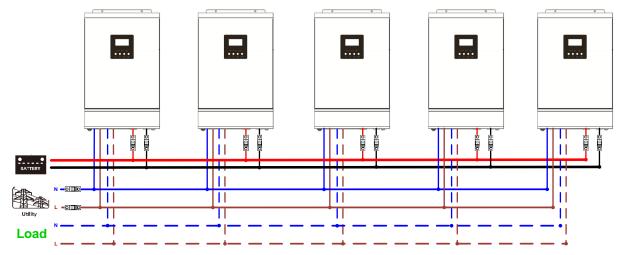
#### **Power Connection**



#### **Communication Connection**



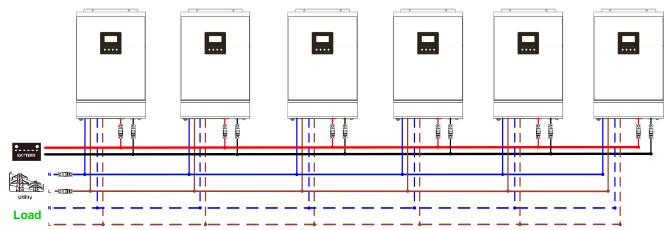
Five inverters in parallel:



| 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |   |

Six inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**



#### **Communication Connection**



#### Seven to nine inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**



#### **Communication Connection**

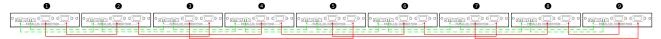
> Seven inverters in parallel



#### > Eight inverters in parallel



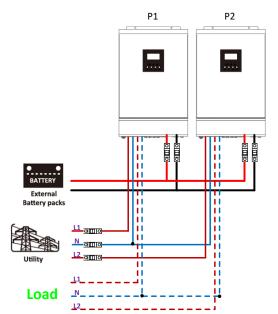
#### > Nine inverters in parallel



## 5-2. Support 2-phase equipment

Two inverters in each phase:

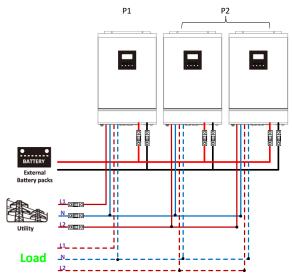
#### **Power Connection**

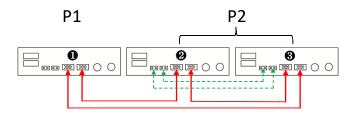


#### **Communication Connection**



Two inverters in one phases and one inverter for the remaining phase:

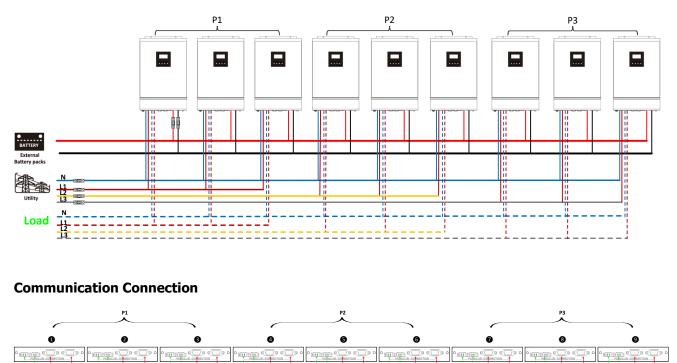




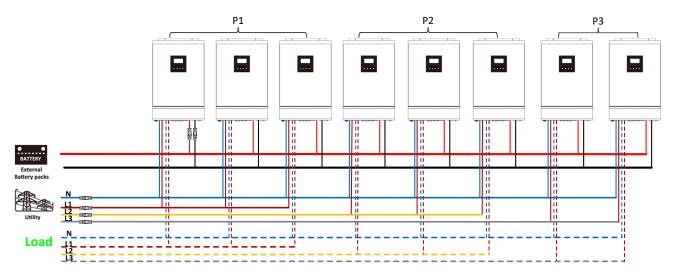
## 5-3. Support 3-phase equipment

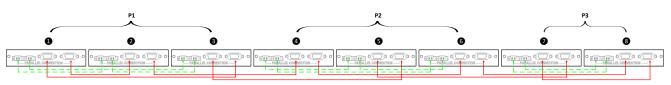
Three inverters in each phase:

#### **Power Connection**

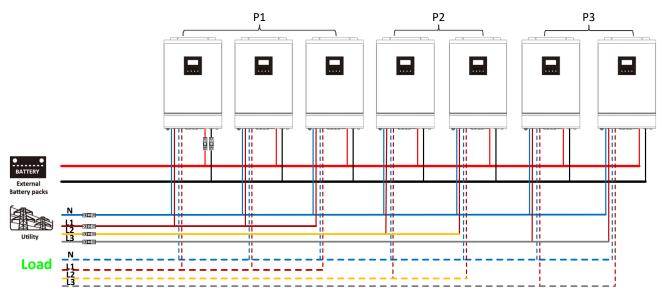


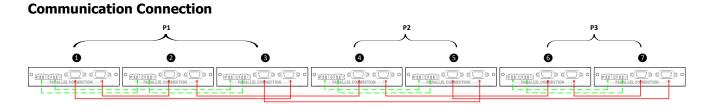
Three inverters in one phase, three inverters in second phase and two inverter for the third phase: **Power Connection** 



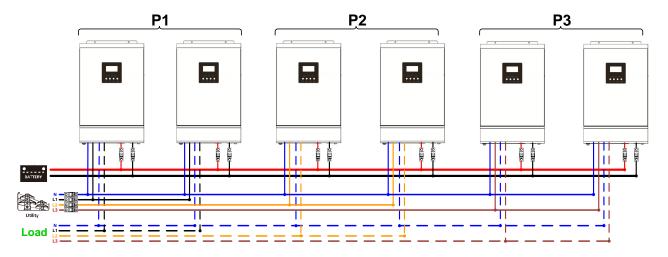


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and two inverters for the third phase: **Power Connection** 





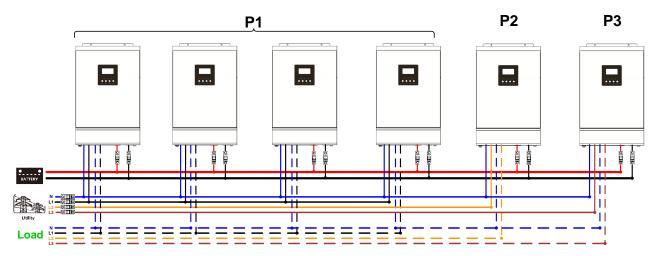
Two inverters in each phase:



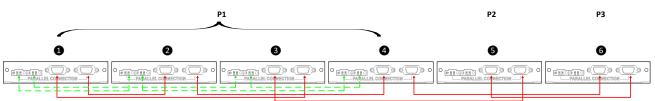


Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

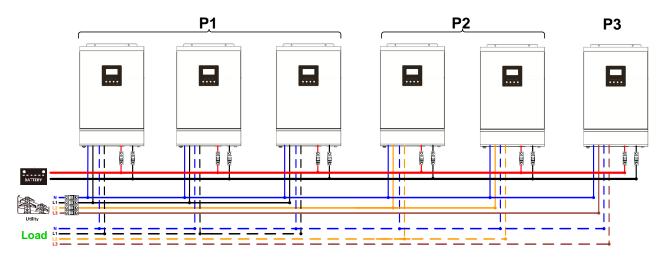
#### **Power Connection**



## **Communication Connection**

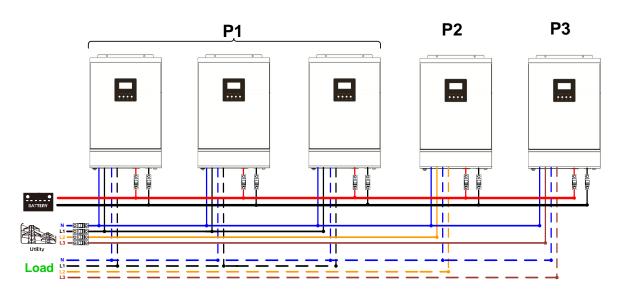


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase: **Power Connection** 

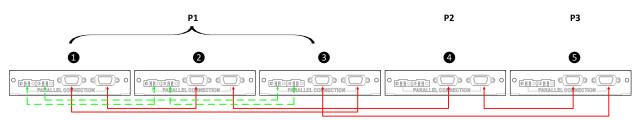




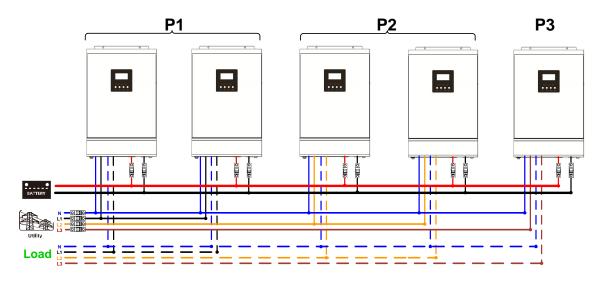
Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases: **Power Connection** 



#### **Communication Connection**

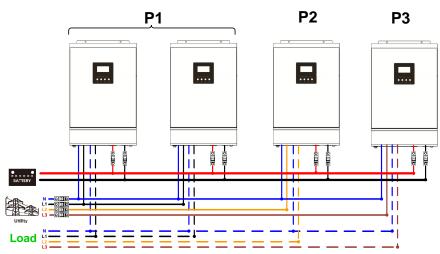


Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase: **Power Connection** 

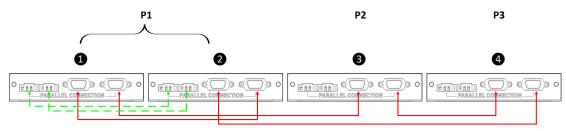




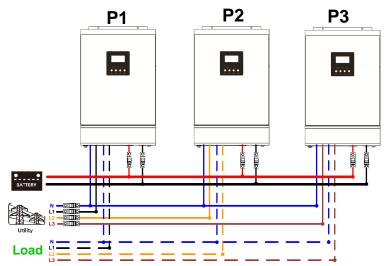
Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases: **Power Connection** 

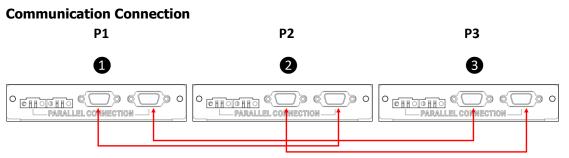


#### **Communication Connection**



#### One inverter in each phase:





**WARNING:** Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

## 6. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

**CAUTION:** Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.

## 7. LCD Setting and Display

#### Setting Program:

| Program | Description  | Selectable option          |  |         |   |
|---------|--|----------------------------|--|---------|---|
|         |  |                            |  | Single: | When the unit is operated alone, please select "SIG" in program 28. |
|         |  | Parallel:                  | When the units are used in parallel with single phase, please select "PAL" in program 28. Please refer to 5-1 for detailed information.  |         |   |
| 28      | AC output mode<br>*This setting is able<br>to set up only when<br>the inverter is in<br>standby mode. Be<br>sure that on/off<br>switch is in "OFF"<br>status | L1 phase:                  | When the units are operated in 2-phase<br>application, please choose "2PX" to define<br>each inverter.<br>It's required to have at least 2 inverters<br>(one inverter in each phase) or maximum 9  |         |   |
|         |  | L2 phase:                  | inverters to support two-phase equipment.<br>Please refer to 5-2 for detailed information.<br>Please select "2P1" in program 28 for the<br>inverters connected to L1 phase and "2P2"<br>in program 28 for the inverters connected to<br>L2 phase |         |   |
|         |  | L1 phase:<br>28 <u>3</u> P | When the units are operated in 3-phase<br>application, please choose "3PX" to define<br>each inverter.<br>It is required to have at least 3 inverters or   |         |   |
|         |  | -                          |  |         | L2 phase:   |

| L3 phase:<br>28<br>7P3 | <ul> <li>Please select "3P1" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L3 phase.</li> <li>Be sure to connect share current cable to units which are on the same phase.</li> <li>Do NOT connect share current cable between units on different phases.</li> <li>Besides, power saving function will be automatically disabled.</li> </ul> |
|------------------------|--|
|------------------------|--|

## Fault code display:

| Fault Code | Fault Event                                       | Icon on |
|------------|---|---------|
| 60         | Power feedback protection                         | 60      |
| 71         | Firmware version inconsistent                     |         |
| 72         | Current sharing fault                             |         |
| 80         | CAN fault   | 80      |
| 81         | Host loss   |         |
| 82         | Synchronization loss                              |         |
| 83         | Battery voltage detected different                |         |
| 84         | AC input voltage and frequency detected different | 84      |
| 85         | AC output current unbalance                       |         |
| 86         | AC output mode setting is different               |         |

## 8. Commissioning

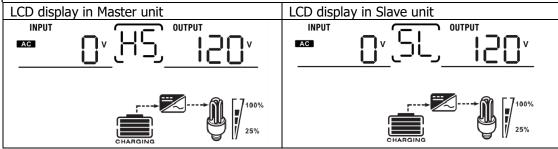
## Parallel in single phase

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

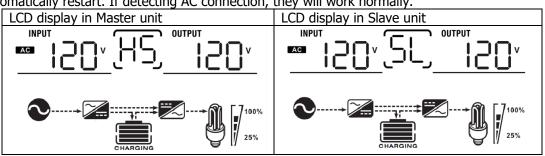
Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units. **NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.



NOTE: Master and slave units are randomly defined.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display fault 82 in following-order inverters. However, these inverters will automatically restart. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed. Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

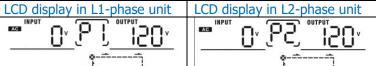
#### Support two-phase equipment

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are off and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 28 as P1 and P2 sequentially. And then shut down all units. **NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

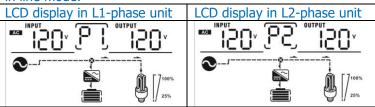
Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially.



[]<sup>100%</sup>

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and two phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, the AC icon O will flash and they will not work in line mode.

25%



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 2-phase equipment is completely installed. Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

#### Support three-phase equipment

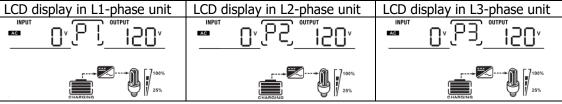
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

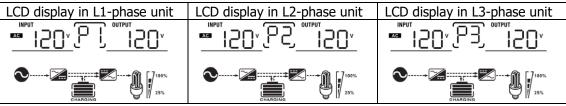
Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 28 as P1, P2 and P3 sequentially. And then shut down all units.

**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, the AC icon O will flash and they will not work in line mode.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed. Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in operation first.

Note 2: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

## 9. Trouble shooting

|               | Situation  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| Fault<br>Code | Fault Event Description                                      | Solution   |
| 60            | Current feedback into the inverter is detected.              | <ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Check if L/N cables are not connected reversely in all inverters.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure the sharing are connected in all inverters.<br/>For supporting three-phase system, make sure the sharing cables are connected in the inverters in the same phase, and disconnected in the inverters in different phases.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>  |
| 71            | The firmware version<br>of each inverter is not<br>the same. | <ol> <li>Update all inverter firmware to the same version.</li> <li>Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the<br/>CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide<br/>the firmware to update.</li> <li>After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>   |
| 72            | The output current of each inverter is different.            | <ol> <li>Check if sharing cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>   |
| 80            | CAN data loss  | 1 Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the   |
| 81            | Host data loss   | <ol> <li>Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the<br/>inverter.</li> </ol>   |
| 82            | Synchronization data<br>loss                                 | <ol> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>   |
| 83            | The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same.        | <ol> <li>Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together.</li> <li>Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check<br/>battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close,<br/>please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material<br/>type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate<br/>battery voltage of each inverter.</li> <li>If the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol> |
| 84            | AC input voltage and frequency are detected different.       | <ol> <li>Check the utility wiring conncetion and restart the inverter.</li> <li>Make sure utility starts up at same time. If there are breakers installed<br/>between utility and inverters, please be sure all breakers can be turned<br/>on AC input at same time.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>  |
| 85            | AC output current<br>unbalance                               | <ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Remove some excessive loads and re-check load information from LCD of inverters. If the values are different, please check if AC input and output cables are in the same length and material type.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>  |
| 86            | AC output mode setting is different.                         | <ol> <li>Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure no 3P1, 3P2 or 3P3 is set<br/>on #28.</li> <li>For upporting three-phase system, make sure no "PAL" is set on #28.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>  |

# **Appendix II: Approximate Back-up Time Table**

| Model     | Load (VA) | Backup Time @ 12Vdc 100Ah (min) | Backup Time @ 12Vdc 200Ah (min) |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|           | 100       | 766                             | 1610                            |
|           | 200       | 335                             | 766                             |
|           | 300       | 198                             | 503                             |
| 0.7KW/1KW | 400       | 139                             | 339                             |
|           | 500       | 112                             | 269                             |
|           | 600       | 95                              | 227                             |
|           | 700       | 81                              | 176                             |

| Model     | Load (VA) | Backup Time @ 24Vdc 100Ah (min) | Backup Time @ 24Vdc 200Ah (min) |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|           | 200       | 766                             | 1610                            |
|           | 400       | 335                             | 766                             |
|           | 600       | 198                             | 503                             |
| 1.4KW/2KW | 800       | 139                             | 339                             |
|           | 1000      | 112                             | 269                             |
|           | 1200      | 95                              | 227                             |
|           | 1400      | 81                              | 176                             |

| Model     | Load (VA) | Backup Time @ 48Vdc100Ah (min) | Backup Time @ 48Vdc 200Ah (min) |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2.6KW/3KW | 300       | 1054                           | 2107                            |
|           | 600       | 491                            | 1054                            |
|           | 900       | 291                            | 668                             |
|           | 1200      | 196                            | 497                             |
|           | 1500      | 159                            | 402                             |
|           | 1800      | 123                            | 301                             |
|           | 2100      | 105                            | 253                             |
|           | 2400      | 91                             | 219                             |
|           | 2600      | 71                             | 174                             |

**Note:** Backup time depends on the quality of the battery, age of battery and type of battery. Specifications of batteries may vary depending on different manufacturers.